The Saturday Evening Post.

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FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

THE TEAR OF SYMPATHY.

INSCRIBED TO ——.

There is a spell—not fancy merely,
Which often blights our proudest bliss;
A spell, alas! which too severely
Absorbs the heart in keen distress.
When in the shades of melancholy,
What can assuage the misery?
Is it the cup which nurture's folly?—
No!—'tis the tear of sympathy.

Fame's but a phantom, if the feeling
Blends not with that which fame imparts:
And wealth's a scourge that brings us kneeling
To fortune's shrine, and then departs.
Beauty may bloom upon those cheeks,
And please with its variety;
But there's a charm grief's victim seeks—
The kindly tear of sympathy.

O, how another's pity soothes us
When friends and fortune all have gone!—
Compassion from a stranger moves us,
For then a heart throbs with our own.
In woe the victim's often smiling,
And seems from grief's oppression free,
When there's a friend his hours beguiling
With the fond tear of sympathy.

I love that tear—Oh yes, believe me,
For I have often felt despair,
Yet in my grief the pang would leave me,
When kind affection sooth'd my care.
But I ne'er knew its power of healing
So strong as when it dwelt with thee,
We lov'd, and 'twas congenial feeling
Did flow the tear of sympathy.

But what's *a tear!*—a rill oft flowing
Adown the cheek of childish care,—
A pearl that *feels* no grief—not knowing
The *cause* that makes it sparkle there.
A tear!—O yes! 'tis magic beaming—
A balm that sweetens misery,
And since for *others'* grief 'tis gleaming—
How dear's the tear of sympathy.

JULY 8th, 1822. PASQUIN.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

TO ANNA.

The lingering beams of parting day
Scarce gild the distant village spire—
Now, as in mist they fade away
The warblers to the grove retire.

How sweetly in yon blooming bow'r,
Which rose by our united care,
The moon-beams gild each dewy flow'r,
Whose grateful scent invites us there.

In life's fair morn, when hope was high,
And pleasure thrill'd in every vein,
How oft these scenes have heard the sigh,
And echoed back the amorous strain;

Tho' we in early life were torn
From all our youthful hearts held dear,
Tho' gloomy care obscured our morn,
And veil'd our brightest prospects here,

Yet oft at twilight's pensive hour,
Or when the shades of evening fall,
Here let fond Memory's magic pow'r
The bliss of former years recal.

JULY, 1822. RYNO.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

TO FLORIO.

O then, unthinking youth, the angel smile,
Of Beauty's eye the fascinating gaze;
Let not her song thy gentle heart beguile,
And lead to love's inextricable maze;

For oft the stately form, the rosy cheek,
Unknown to love, the cruel heart conceals,
And yet her smiles no haughty soul bespeak,
Her sparkling eye no mental fault reveals;

But merit seek in homely weeds array'd,
The gentle bosom and the heart sincere,
The modest smile where rapture is pourtray'd,
The cheek oft gemm'd with pity's dewy tear;

What is mere beauty, but the gaudy fly
Whose colors glitter in the morning ray—
Beauty, indeed, may captivate the eye,
But worth has charms when beauty fades away

JULY, 1822. RYNO.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

This truth, at least, let Satire's self allow,
No dearth of Bards can be complain'd of now;
The loaded press beneath their labours groans,
And printer's devils shake their weary bones.

BYRON.

When youthful Bards attempt to rise
On Fancy's wing to brighter skies—
If favour'd by the world's applause,
(In spite of truth and Reason's laws,)
If gifted with the power to sing,
And all the honours it can bring,
Or basking in the golden ray
Of fortune's rich meridian day,
The harp that they may chance to sweep
Will ne'er be hush'd in Reason's sleep.
Nor will the rude, untutor'd Lyre,
They fondly think the Muse has strung,
With all its dulcet notes expire,
Till youth his last adieu has sung.

But should the world's ungen'rous frown
Still crush the youthful scribbler down,
In spite of all, "in Reason's spite,"
The verse will flow, the bard will soar,
And whilst the noisy urchins write,
We're doom'd to read their nonsense o'er.

Now, brother Bards, I've just in view,
To speak a friendly word or two;
And give to those who best deserve it,
A hint (and you'll, I hope, preserve it,)
To guide you while you guide the quill,
And keep your vagrant muses still.
'Tis not, I pledge you, my design,
To criticise by verse or line—
Such dull manœuvres I despise,
As well as you that poetize;
But just to say in friendly rhyme,
The merits of your verse sublime.

And if on some I chance to hit,
For dullness fam'd, and want of wit,
Or if, for some, the wreath of fame
Shall twine around their youthful name,
Impute it all, whate'er it be,
To Reason's calm, unbiass'd sway,
To her I bend the willing knee,
And *Justice* guides my flow'ry way.

From the depths of Poesy's slumbers,
Who is he that sweeps the Lyre,
And with deep melodious numbers,
Wakes the string from Fancy's fire.

'Tis a son of song and feeling,
Breathes the warm and envied strain,
And may every note that's stealing,
Waft its echo back again.

There are few, thou heir to glory,
Dare contest the palm with thee,
Thou shalt live through endless story,
Gentle minstrel signing "D"

Let the sire of *tales unvarnished*,
Sell his papers, ink and quill,
Whether middling, *plain* or garnish'd,
They may read his *tales* who will.

I have travell'd slow nor easy,
Thro' Observer No. 2,
But to read the rest to please ye,
Help me Patience, if I do.

There's a charm of matchless splendor,
Round a *female's* polish'd lyre,
'Tis the point where all surrender,
Dazzled by the Muse's fire.

Tho' thy dearest friend forsake thee,
Still remember "Love has eyes"—
He who lov'd thee, he who griev'd thee,
Soon shall hush thy bursting sighs.

Thousand Bards in former ages,
Have threr *thousand* stanzas wrote,
And a *thousand* now engages
Winrose, (who I'm proud to quote.)

May a *thousand* readers o'er him,
Breathe a wish for future fame,
I a *thousand* times deplore him,
And a *thousand* do the same.

Gentle Bards, may fortune bless you,
And the smiles of Beauty too,
Long may *quietness* caress you—
For a week I bid adieu.

JULY, 1822. ARIEL.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

THE SOLITAIRE—No. I.

"Comb down his hair—look, look, it stands upright, like lime twigs set to catch my winged soul."
SHAKESPEARE.

There is an epoch this side the grave when the sins committed during an ill-spent life rush with fury to the mind, and sinks the unhappy sufferer to the lowest ebb of misery. I mean the hour of death! In those awful moments, when the guilty wretch, who disdained the advice of friends—who ridiculed the mild precepts of religion, and who despised both the laws of God and man—is fast approaching "to that bourne from whence no traveller returns," a lesson is afforded which may be of benefit to us all the remainder of our days. When the clenched fist—the starting eye—and the dread contortion of the frame too plainly tells what is passing in the soul of the dying sinner, then determine on improvement. Seize that moment—bring the sins you have committed during life present to your imagination, and heaven will assist you in every resolution of amendment. If the end of this man is miserable, and filled with horror—if he shrinks aghast from the recollection of former iniquities, and calls aloud for mercy from an offended deity—consider that your latter end may be like his, if no improvement takes place in your moral and religious conduct.

The hour of death has its joy as well as misery. To the christian who made truth his companion—who has followed the unerring dictates of his conscience, and shuddered to do a wrong, it affords consummate felicity—in peace with all his fellow pilgrims, with cheerful acquiescence to the will of omnipotence, he resigns his being to the GOD who gave it.

In conclusion, think of the rapid approach of death and eternity. While you are undecided what part to act—while your purposes are unsteady, and your conduct changeable—year follows year in quick succession. Death waits no man's pleasure—time, no man's resolutions—and eternity, no man's amendment! Every repetition of sin incurs renewed danger. Know you the hour you may be cut off? If not, why suffer a single moment to pass without witnessing your amendment.

G.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

SKETCHES—No. II.

MODESTY

"She seem'd as though a winged angel trod
"O'er earth's gay flowers, and fear'd to brush away
"Their delicate hues."

WHEN we reflect upon the diversity of the opinions of the world, we are strongly convinced of the veritable adage, that "it is difficult to please all." Man is a social being, and is destined to have more or less intercourse with his associates in life. —The propriety, therefore, of abstaining from offence when we cannot easily perform active benefits, is strongly impressed upon the mind. Our motives and actions are frequently liable to be misconstrued or perverted; and when we are foward and unhesitating in evulging them, we frequently excite displeasure, however revolting it might be to our feelings. We should be as abstemious in the indulgence of our socialities as in our diet and medicine. A bold favour is generally more unwelcome than silent indifference; and, unless we are endowed with the conscious faculty of pleasing every one, our taciturnity is less liable to reproach than our frequent excesses to perform a favour.

Modesty has the peculiar quality of being amiable to all. The modest and graceful youth has the consolation of knowing that if he is not an active *doer of good* in life, he at least abstains from that which might sully his reputation, and merit the indignation of others. But positive benefit may well be conferred with an unassuming grace; and the action is doubly dear with the *blushing motives* that prompted it.

In proportion as we dislike contumacy and presumption, are we enlisted in favour of humility and modesty. In inculcating mental qualities, it is strange that human nature should be so aberrant, and imbibe those that are certainly odious to respectable society—that the attributes of "peace and good will towards men" should be neglected for the discordant propensities of folly and arrogance! But we must not let our speculations lead us to enthusiasm. Strongly as we endear modesty and reprove its opposite, we must make the necessary allowances for the multiform paths which nature and education have made. The early indulgence of pride and vanity, and the unrestrained license given to children in associating with bad company, are sufficient to divest the mind of its natural complacency and modesty.

Modesty and virtue are almost inseparable companions; they go, placidly, hand-in-hand through life, and combine an inestimable degree of worth in the possessor. "Modesty (says a modern writer,) is not only an ornament, but also a guard to virtue. It is a kind of a quick and delicate feeling in the soul, which makes her shrink and withdraw herself from every thing that has danger in it."

We are naturally inclined to view with admiration every thing in nature that has any assimilarity to modesty. The incipient and tender eglantine—the virgin lilly, and the half-blown violet, all seem expressive of animated nature. The trembling moon beams as they fade upon the mountain peak: and even the valley stream which softly steals through the herbaged ground, fearful of its babbling echoes which serenade the surrounding scenery: all have a witching charm that elicits the affections.

But we dispense with these *similes*, to advert to the application of the subject to a more important part of creation—

"Heaven's last, best gift to man."

Where does modesty sit with a more irresistable attraction than on *Woman?* She is imperfect without it. It is kindred with her sex, and she seems isolated from feminine loveliness, without its benign influence.

When we picture a female sensible without ostentation—beautiful without vanity—sociable without loquacity—amiable, obliging and tender, without unnecessary officiousness—we do very little more than delineate the component properties of the great virtue—MODESTY *without affectation*. A modest woman is always an ornament to her own sex, and an object endeared in the affections of the other. She is an angel, and like the rose, dispenses her charms through blushes, when she is least conscious of them.

What smiles more sweetly than the blushing rose—
What glows more tender than Love's hidden flame;
What pen with magic sweetness can disclose
Fair woman's charms—her *modest virtues* name?

JULY 7th, 1822. PASQUIN.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

THE ITINERANT—No. I.

"From grave to gay, from lively to severe."

CONFIDENCE IN GOD.—When Mr. Dodd, in the time of the wars, was plundered of all he had in the house, Mrs. Dodd was in great distress on that account. "Wife," says he, "be not troubled—I have yet a bond to live upon." "What bond," says she. "Why this bond," replied he, "in the Hebrews—*I will never leave you nor forsake you.*—Come let us put this bond in suit—LET US GO TO PRAYERS." The next morning his neighbours sent him more than he had lost.

WOMEN.—It has been shrewdly remarked by some one that there are four orders of Women:—*Peacocks*, with whom dress is all; the *Magpies*, with whom chatter is all; the *Turtles*, with whom love is all; and the *Paradise birds*, above them all.

A HURRIED JOURNEY.—A gentleman lying on his death bed, called to his coachman, who had been an old servant, and said. "Ah, Tom, I am going a long and rugged journey, worse than ever you drove me." "O dear, sir, (replied the fellow,) never let that disturb you, *for its all down hill.*"

THE WORLD.—A very slight knowledge of the world is sufficient to ascertain that there is a "crook in every lot," and that this world is not the destined abode of unmingled enjoyment.

EDUCATION.—Education is a companion which no misfortune can depress, no clime destroy—no enemy alienate, no despotism enslave. At home, a friend; abroad, an introduction—in solitude, a solace; in society, an ornament. It chastens vice—it guides virtue—it gives, at once, a grace and government to genius. Without it what is man? a splendid slave! a reasoning savage! Vacillating between the dignity of an intelligence derived from God, and the degradation of passions participated with brutes.

VANITY OF NAMES.

Say, where's those names which set the world on fire!
Where does the pride of Greece and Rome retire?
Cæsar's great name now marks the butcher's dog,
Cato saws wood, and *Scipio* drives a hog;
Seek you for *Pompey?* Search the tanner's yard,
You'll meet with *Nero* in your garden's guard.

W. P. S.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

Guilt triumphant over Innocence,
OR THE
STORY OF EMMA SOMERTON.

[Continued.]

What is the splendour of the morning compared to the warm sunshine of love, or where is the light more resplendant than that which beams from the sun of affection? The rising beauties of the morning may be obscured by thick coming clouds, and the effulgence of the noon-day orb be changed to tempest and gloom, but the heart is unalterable, and its fervour in the chilling frown of indifference, is often as unimpaired as it is bright and expanding in the warm glow of kindred and reciprocal feeling. If ever the countenance of Emma Somerton boasted a charm above mortal expression, it was when catching the glance of looks, whose soul-subduing tenderness, were only more delightful from their being reflected by her own

I do not write for that dull elf, as a certain author quaintly observes, who cannot immediately discern the nature of feelings, that were thus expanding into a flame, it might have been the happiness of a saint to cherish, if not a mortal to glory in; but it would perhaps require more than the pen of precision, or the assertions of unfaltering narrative, to make evident the baseness, that could but trifle with their sweetness, and visit them only for the accomplishment of ruin—But I will not digress—the evidence of facts to all ears, even the dullest, is unequivocal.

Frequent excursions over the adjacent country, and occasional visits to distinguished families, constituted not the least of the amusements of the family of Somerton and his guests: in all these Beldair contrived to be the constant companion of Emma: his attentions though not undivided were too marked to be misunderstood—though not unfrequently, the impatience of his heart tempted him to spurn at those necessary points of etiquette and form, which could so interfere with the sincerity of designs, he found it would take all his time and attention to accomplish. In the good opinion of Theodore, his wards found progress: his attachment was daily ripening into the most confirmed friendship, and the elder Somerton, whom we have so long excluded from appearing in our story, beheld with the sincerest pleasure, these apparent marks of growing harmony.

The lassitude that pervaded Beldair's frame, after his partial recovery from illness, was not yet entirely removed—its effects were still visible enough to cast a shade of melancholy over his features, doubly interesting, perhaps, from the influence of a passion that sometimes even adorns and beautifies virtue itself; he had found it necessary to continue a course of exercise at all times agreeable, from the society of those who suffered no opportunity to pass, that could add in any way to his health or enjoyment.

One evening when Theodore was absent, and his grandfather had retired to his study, Beldair proposed a walk to Emma, observing that the beauties of the night, and the charms of the moonlight landscape, were temptations he could not resist, and adding that if she knew of what consequence her society was to him, she could not be cruel enough to refuse him the gratification of a walk with him, on the issue of which, he said, so much of his happiness in life depended. Emma heard him with surprize not unmixed with joy—her heart palpitated with an unusual sensation, of hope and fear, but her alarm quickly subsided: she hastened to inform her grandfather of her intention, and promising a speedy return, she accompanied Beldair from the house.

It was a delightful evening in summer—the moon was beaming with unclouded lustre, and held her walk through the skies like a blessed soul wandering through the regions of immortality: the landscape was silvered in her rays—no sound disturbed the profoundness of nature's repose; all was beauty, mildness and delight—dullness itself, might have caught inspiration from the scene. Emma was dressed in a thin white robe of muslin, on which streamed her long dark hair, whose ringlets might have become a houri, or adorned a second Venus of the sea: her head was adorned, rather than protected, by a hat of the simplest construction, over which was wreathed the fairest imitations of nature, that art could produce; a light veil half shaded her face, but it was not long ere it was removed, and the moonlight beams ne'er fell on face so fair. Beldair was arrayed in the military costume of the day: his military hat, surmounted by a plume of feathers, gently waving in the breeze, tended to complete the nobleness of a form, on which nature had bestowed her fairest stamp: his other habiliments were of that fashionable lightness that marks the medium between excess of gaiety and over-strained observance of the laws of fashion, "rich not gaudy," he moved along as though conscious of his own superiority, but he was never betrayed into ostentation to display those qualities, which are often assumed by many, in whom the most opposite contrasts are to be found.

They walked along at a gentle pace, Emma supported by the arm of Beldair: their sentiments were in unison respecting the loveliness of the prospect—it was a theme on which they could expatiate, without seemingly ever getting weary—"To what blessed star," exclaimed Beldair, "am I indebted for the rapture of this hour! yet trust me, Emma, not the unclouded glory of that peerless orb, to whom thou art allied in beauty, not the benignant aspect of the heavens whose serenity is thine, nor the united charms of nature in her loveliness, could give my heart one thought of bliss, did not thy presence make every thing delightful." "I confess," said Emma, with the most enchanting innocence, "that all those fine sentiments are mightily becoming this charming hour: but, Beldair, forget not, as you address me in the style of romance, that I am but a mortal fair, and claim no alliance to the moon, further than as she is changeable, so are we represented to be, and I know that such gallant knights as you would never insist on a compliment, so much at the expence of my constancy." Beldair would have replied in the same playful stile, but he found the necessity of sincerity and endeavoured, that it might be pleasing to give it the aid of address. He talked in a serious mood of the incidents that had marked the last few weeks of his life, and expatiated on the blessedness of that fate, that had directed his steps from the ways of indifference into the paths of delight, and spoke of the intercourse with herself and friends, as the only event of his life he should ever attach one feeling of delighted memory to. "Believe me, Emma," he would say, "I have lived to no purpose 'till I saw thee—I can only contemplate the weary race of existence run, but as a blank compared to the breathing world of enjoyment I have felt, since first I beheld thy smile—pardon me, if I say I love thee—if I tell thee I adore thee with all the ardency of a lover's holiest rapture—And oh, bid me not despair—for deprived of thee, hope and enjoyment bids me farewell for ever."

If Emma was surprised at his former expressions of regard, she was still more confounded at this abrupt declaration, that filled her heart at once with the tenderest alarm. She was at a loss how to reply, and never before felt a situation so agreeably unpleasing, as at that moment. Lifting up her sparkling eyes she beheld Beldair gazing on her with an expression of the purest rapture; she fancied she saw his lip still moving, though the sound had long since died away in accents the sweetest that ever reached her ear. "Cruel Beldair, (she exclaimed) to what pain do you put me! If I confess to you the real sentiments of my heart, you will boast of a triumph too easily obtained, and to conceal them would be rending that heart with pangs I could never learn to conceal; let us part for the present;—excuse the agitation of my feelings, and as I always cherish hope myself, let the candour of my confession inspire you with any thing but despair." "Emma," exclaimed Beldair, "never till this hour, did I know the value of life, nor could I conceive that life could boast a blessing so exalted as the richness of this hour. I will be plain, Emma, for I will be sincere, I will snatch this fair moment to lay my soul at thy feet, and tell thee all its wishes, its hopes, its fears—I will paint to thee a world, and if thou wilt enjoy it with *me*, not in the round of existence shall there be found two hearts more sensibly alive to every feeling of joy and delight. In the calm retirement of these thy native plains, your perfections are lost to the world—you are blooming alone, for that soil were too rich that could boast another flower as sweet as thee: obscurity, envious of thy charms, would have thee all its own, but that the world is open to receive thee, and you must hasten to prove it. The circle of delight will close around thee—the smile of glowing welcome from the great and noble awaits to greet thee in the sphere of dignified action, thou alone wilt be conspicuous, and with thee for a companion, who will presume to rival me in happiness—assure me of the bliss that thou wilt be mine, and life, happiness and the world shall be ours in their fulness."

From the speciousness of these arguments, Emma at first recoiled; however her heart may have acknowledged their fallacy, her tongue could not oppose the torrent of overwhelming eloquence that conveyed them, and she was forced to remain an unwilling sceptic on points she wanted the art and determination to oppose: her affection disposed her to believe part of what she had heard, nor could she find it in her nature to censure that warmth of feeling, which apparently glowed only for her happiness. "I believe, Beldair, you have painted a world such as all those expect who know least about it: and even to find it so, would perhaps not compensate for the pleasure of simplicity and favored retirement. I have little desire to participate in its bustle, and cannot but think the sweets of domestic happiness and social retirement, as preferable to all its allurements of splendid appearance and fascinating deception."—"Believe me, Emma, such as I have described it we can realize: I never believed that retirement had charms to please *me*, till I found you were alone sufficient to animate solitude into the bustle of existence, and render every spot a world of delight: but the world is my sphere, and in it can I only be myself—even there without you, I shall experience the loneliness of a desert: then hasten, O fairest, from those shades to the more congenial regions of life and animated enjoyment—bless me with thy consent, and I have not a wish ungratified."

Emma mildly reprimanded him for his warmth, and only replied—"I have listened to you with attention—more dazzled than convinced with your arguments, yet I know not how to answer them but by referring you to him who can best understand them; open your heart to my revered parent, and spare me that confusion it is ungenerous in you to insist on. I know my heart already, and I can best fulfil its dictates, when I am assured of the pleasure of him who has ever been the first in directing all its feelings." This was an obstacle Beldair had not foreseen, and little calculated on, and he was not a little chagrined at a determination he found it would require all his energy to overcome. He rejoined, "I cannot but admire your prudence, but why should love stoop to the petty observance of form, or why let the dictates of custom interfere with the concerns of the heart. Besides I know that Somerton will not approve of my design for many reasons—it would lose him you and were your best interests concerned, this would be a barrier he could never overcome. Theodore would look with a suspicious eye on an attachment so hastily formed, and his punctilious nicety would require sacrifices on my part, the impatience and ardency of my love would never consent to: the voice of duty demands my almost instant appearance in ——, and it may be long 'ere I have an opportunity of returning—I could not live that time without you, accompany me therefore, and I swear to you by all that is sacred, that the period of our arrival at ——, shall see you ushered to the world, as the acknowledged bride of the happy and enraptured Beldair!"

It has been somewhere observed, that when once a woman hesitates, she is lost: too innocent in herself to think of deception, she thought it impossible in others, nor did she imagine it could ever wear a mask so effectual in concealing guile, as that which Beldair assumed: hardly making any reply to his last words, she left him in a kind of mental stupor, to ruminate on the events of an evening by far the most important in her, as yet, unchequered life

[*To be continued.*

WOMEN.—"I have ever found, (says Ledyard, who is celebrated both as a traveller and a man of exemplary character,) that WOMEN, in all countries, are civil, obliging, tender and humane—that they are ever inclined to be gay and cheerful, timorous and modest, and that they do not hesitate, like men, to perform a generous action. Not haughty, not arrogant, not supercilious, they are full of courtesy and fond of society—more liable, in general, to err than man; but, in general, more virtuous, and performing more good actions than he."

Foreign Intelligence.

TEN DAYS LATER.

By the arrival of the ship James Cropper, Capt. Reid, at New-York, from Liverpool, advices have been received from England, as late as the 1st ult.

The accounts from Turkey are still indicative of the hostile intentions of the Porte, and every reason is given us to believe that a rupture will eventually take place, and that shortly. It is evident, however, that neither of the combatants are desirous of making the first attack, each holding off, ready to act on the defensive.

The Sun, of the 28th of May, says, that the progress of famine and pestilence in Ireland has now reached an appaling extent, and the accounts from almost all quarters of the distressed districts are of the most afflicting description. Thousands of families are in a state of utter destitution. The typhus fever is extending its fatal activity over a large surface of the country. Many have already perished of disease and want. Even those who are rescued from starvation by the efforts of humanity, many thousands receive only half a pound of oatmeal each per diem, a quantity of food, which, while it is sufficient to sustain life, is not enough to preserve the miserable victims from the torments of hunger.

The London papers are filled with details respecting the affair between the ship Topaze and the Chinese government. No adjustment had as yet taken place.

Among the literary notices, we find announced as in press, Halidon Hill, a dramatic sketch from Scottish history, by Sir Walter Scott.

Died at Paris, on the 17th May, of brain fever, the Duke of Richelieu, late Prime Minister of France; and on the same day, of inflammation of the lungs, his Serene Highness the reigning Duke of Saxe Astha Altenburg.

The famous English banker, Baring, is stated to have been seized on his way, with his wife, from Naples to Rome, by a band of robbers, and compelled to ransom himself by the payment of several millions.

The weather throughout Great Britain and Ireland continued remarkably fine, and the most cheering accounts were received from every species of vegetation.

The greater part of the colliers and miners, in the disturbed parts of Monmouthshire and Staffordshire, had returned to their work.

Advices had been received in London, that the deputation from the London Missionary Society to the South Sea Islands, with additional Missionaries, sent out in the Tuscan, in May last, arrived in safety and health at Otaheite on the 27th of September, after a fine voyage of four months and nine days.

By an official return laid on the table of the House of Commons, it appears that the *sum* paid for ambassadors, envoys, the different kinds of foreign ministers, in 1792, was 88,346*l.*; in 1821 it is 171,489*l.* or nearly double.

The importation of ice into Great Britain, pays an *ad valorem* duty on its arrival. A dispute arose about the value of a cargo, and, before the dispute was settled, the captain of the vessel was deprived of his freight, and the custom house of the duty, by the melting of the ice.

The West India and American trade bill, and the Colonial Trade Bill passed in committee of the House of Commons on the 24th, and were ordered for further discussion on the 30th.

The Royal assent was given to the bill appropriating 50,000*l.* for the employment on the public works of the Irish poor.

The bill for the admission of Roman Catholic Peers into the Upper House of Parliament, was to be put off on account of the absence of Earl Grey, by whom it should have been moved. It is generally calculated that a majority of from 30 to 50, will defeat the bill. At the head of these, it is said, is the Duke of York. The King himself is said to be favourable to the measure.

In France the elections were expected to result in favor of the Liberals. The Duke de Cazes has reappeared at Court. The Duke of Richelieu was buried on the 20th of March. Marshal Soult had a private interview with the King.

It is stated that the price of specie had been materially lowered in England by the large importations from the U. States and S America.

The King of England made a grand party on the 22d, to receive the Prince and Princess of Denmark. The American minister and his lady, and most of the foreign Ambassadors, were present.

Letters of the 4th of May from Lisbon, state that a conspiracy had been formed for the overthrow of the Constitutional system, but was detected in time to prevent any evil consequences.

At the Chester, English Races, in May last, while seven horses were running a severe contested heat, the leading horse fell, and four of the other horses and their riders, being unable to pull up, were all thrown down together. The rider of the first horse died from his contusions.

THE DISTRESSES IN IRELAND.

The Courier of May 30, contains the report of a committee of gentlemen, who had been appointed to explore the obscure abodes of misery in the county of Sligo.—The town was divided into four districts, for greater convenience of visiting, and the following are a few of the afflicting facts contained in their report:

In district No. 1, there are 400 individuals in absolute want. Many families had been wholly without food for twenty-four and thirty-six hours. One family had subsisted from Friday to Sunday upon boiled water grass, and one wretched woman died from want.

In district No. 2, where not more than two thirds of the houses had been visited, 618 persons were found in a starving condition; many of them not having tasted food of any kind for two days, and others sustaining nature by water cresses.

In district No. 3, 600 individuals were suffering the same deplorable privations.

In district No. 4, the number of famishing creatures amounted to nearly 1,600.—"We were very particular," observe the gentlemen appointed to visit this district, "in going into every house and minutely examining into their general conduct, state of health, and means of support, attended and assisted by two respectable men living in the same district, and well acquainted with its inhabitants; that during such examination we witnessed several instances of distress not to be described, many of them particularly on last Sunday (a dreadfully wet day) being without a turf, and destitute of either meal or a potatoe."

Cats vs. *Christians.*—Revolutions have become so common they are scarcely considered worth notice, but when they affect articles of the first necessity, they must necessarily create extraordinary sensations. Horse flesh or cat's meat continues to be retailed at 3d a pound, while prime chucks, clods, and stickings of ox beef can be purchased at three halfpence per pound. It is expected that the great body of dog fanciers will call a public meeting.

[*Irish paper.*

LIVERPOOL, June 1.

At a late hour this afternoon, an express reached town from Paris, bringing despatches from Vienna dated 21st May, and from Naples of the same date. From Vienna we have a full confirmation of the important fact that the forces of the Sublime Porte are evacuating the principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia. The main point having been satisfactorily arranged, the others will follow as a matter of course. The accounts from Naples, also confirm the former rumour of a Congress being about to be held in Florence. This proves to be correct; and orders have been forwarded to the latter city to make the necessary arrangements for the immediate assembling of the congress. Some crowned heads are expected to assist in the deliberations."

TRIESTE, May 16.—A letter from Athens, dated in the middle of April, states that it is the determination of all the Greek chiefs to gain time, and to make a mountain warfare, in imitation of that of Spain, which will be much favoured by the nature of the localities.

GREECE.

Extract from a letter written at Athens, by M. V——, pupil of the Polytechnic School, formerly an officer of the French Navy, now commanding with the rank of General, the artillery of Ypsilanti's army:—

"It is only by living among the Greeks that an adequate idea can be formed of the courage and devotion of this people, which so long has groaned under the most frightful tyranny.

"Our cause prospers on every side. We have just gained important advantages at Patrujek, and have almost totally destroyed the Turkish troops which had disembarked at Patras. This fleet, after so wretched an expedition, could not return to Constantinople. Either from the bad weather, or through fear of the Greek fleet, it has entirely dispersed; part of the ships made for the coast of Barbary; the rest for Egypt, where six or eight of them have been wrecked.

"The Samians, after providing for the safety of their Island, made a descent on Tchesmea, where they rescued a great number of Greek families. They next assisted the island of Chio to throw off the yoke. The important fortress of Napoli di Romania, has now began to treat for a capitulation. I hope a fortnight will not elapse before the Turks will deliver up the keys of our Acropolis. You will, I fear, look upon me as a Vandal, when I tell you that I have already thrown in 253 shells; but the Egis of Minerva has protected her Temple. Our flag flies on the Parthenon.

"You know the end of Ali Pacha. This event might have been detrimental to our cause, had our enemies known how to profit by it. Every thing indicates that the Pacha of Egypt is about to throw off that remnant of dependence which he can but very ill brook.

"The Persians are constantly gaining advantages over the Turks; they continue to advance but their diversion is not sufficient. Should no European Power take a part in our affairs we shall find ourselves much embarrassed, unless Russia shall persist in that system of observation which obliges the Turks to concentrate their principal forces on the Danube. How can European policy look with such coldness on interests so great? It appears to be forgotten that blood is flowing on all sides, and that each portion of delay adds its portion of victims."—*Courier Francois, May 19.*

Extract of a letter dated Marseilles, May 17th, to a house in London.

"We have accounts from Scio, up to the 17th of April. The city was entirely destroyed, all the houses were opened and ransacked of their furniture, &c. and, after being thus plundered, were set fire to, which continued till the 17th, the date of the last advices. Up to the 11th, the hostages in the Castle were still alive, but nothing further has been heard of them since. On the 14th, great numbers of the Turks dispersed themselves over the face of the country, plundering and burning all the country houses they met with—they then advanced to the village of Calchio, Thimiana, and Vassilionico, which were all three burned and destroyed. All the churches, both in the city and in the country, were broken open, robbed and many of them burned. They even vented their rage on the Catholic Church of St Nicholas, in the city, and on two others in Evangyuni, in the country, and which were used in the same way as those of the Greek communion. You may judge if they have laid violent and sacrilegious hands on the Catholic churches, what they must have done to those belonging to the Greeks. What a picture for humanity! The streets filled with heaps of men, women and children cruelly butchered by the Turks. The large place before the fortress, and the fortress itself, filled with women and children of the most respectable families, exposed to the brutal conduct and savage ferocity of the Asiatics. Nor is it the sword or fire alone that the poor Greeks have to suffer from, they are also threatened with an immediate famine. The French Consul has provisions only for 15 days, for he has given shelter in his palace (a very large and extensive building you know) to 1,300 souls, among whom are 842 Greeks, the rest Latins. Among them is Mr. ——, with his family—he was taken there by a Turk, to whom he gave a handsome sum, but who afterwards repenting of his humanity in having placed them in safety, went with some other Turks, to demand them back from the Consul, who however, peremptorily refused, and forthwith requested the Pacha to give him a guard, which was granted, and five Turks were placed there as a protection. The Consul bought M—'s sister, who was found, after a great deal of difficulty, in the possession of a Turk, for 150 piastres. The wife of poor Mr. ——, and his two lovely boys, were bought as slaves by an Algerine, and taken to Alexandria. Should any vessel arrive from Smyrna, we shall have fuller accounts and particulars respecting this ill-fated island, as the clerk of Mr. ——, who is a Frenchman, went to Scio, for the purpose of assisting and redeeming the families of his employers. He has taken with him a large sum of money, and eight hundred weight of biscuit.

"You can form but a poor idea of the state of my feelings whilst reading the heart-rending recital of those calamitous events. God only knows what will become of our unfortunate families."

Oliver Cromwell.—A short time ago, a naval officer, on his journey towards London, met with, in the stage coach, an intelligent and accomplished lady, who, in the course of conversation, said that her husband, who resides in York, is in the possession of the head of this distinguished character. It appears, that Cromwell's head was, soon after the Restoration, affixed on a pole on one of the public buildings in Westminster, but by some accident got into the custody of a soldier, who was on duty near the place; that a reward was offered for it, but the soldier's family retained it, though some time after it was sold, and ultimately reached the hands of its present owner. There seems to be no doubt that it is the head of the Protector, from the evidence which has descended with it.

A few days ago, the wife of a person who was incarcerated in Edinburgh gaol, died suddenly, and he obtained leave to attend the funeral; the obsequies were no sooner performed than the husband also took ill, and died in four days, at his own house in the western suburbs. During his short illness he would not suffer certain parts of his clothes to be taken off, and at his death several sums of money were found sewed in his garments. About this unexpected riches his sons quarrelled and fought.

An Indian Juggler, while exhibiting his performance in France, actually swallowed a sword, or metallic blade. The unfortunate Juggler had the sword held by one end in his fingers, while the other end was in his stomach; something surprised him, he left hold of the blade, and it descended immediately beyond his reach. His astonishment, subsequent pains, and lingering illness, are indescribable. Several months thus passed away, when he came under the care of Professor Dubois, of Paris, who extracted the instrument from the right groin, where an extensive ulceration had taken place. The blade, after its removal from the body of the sufferer, measured ten inches and a half in length, and one inch in breadth, at its widest part. The last account, dated one month after the operation, states the patient to be doing well.

MUNICH, Nov. 27.

Female Heroism.—A very extraordinary circumstance has occurred here. A servant maid being in a garden with a child nine months old, set it down on the ground, when suddenly an Eagle darted from the air to seize upon it as a prey. The servant, who was fortunately close by, with the greatest courage and presence of mind, threw a shawl at the bird, which covering his eyes, not only prevented him from seizing the infant, but even from escaping.—She then boldly caught hold of the robber, and in spite of his struggles held him fast till some persons came to her assistance. His Majesty amply rewarded the heroine, who received some wounds in the contest, and sent the prisoner to the menagerie at Nymphenburg.

The Evening Post.

PHILADELPHIA.

Saturday, July 13, 1822.

☞ We publish our paper to-day on a handsome white sheet, superior in quality and formed of better materials than any we have heretofore used for that purpose—and have made arrangements with Messrs BENNETT & WALTON, Stationers, who propose to furnish us with a necessary supply of the same. Our readers will not be displeased at the improvement.

Mr. Strickland, the architect, has returned to this city, having completed his surveys of the scite for the Canal which it is proposed to open between the Delaware and Chesapeake rivers. His report, which we hope to see published, speaks favourably of the object, both as to its practicability, and the very moderate sum which will be necessary to accomplish this grand enterprize.

The fine new ship Moss, Capt. Turley, of this port, arrived off Dover, Eng. and landed her letter-bag on the 26th of May. She left the Delaware on the 3d.

The schr. Amanda, Gibbs, has arrived at Baltimore, in 65 days from Valparaiso, where, on the 3d of May, she left the ship of war Franklin and her tender, the Dolphin. The frigate Constellation was to sail in two days for the U. States, by way of Rio Janeiro and St. Thomas.

Counterfeit five dollar bills on the Bank of Delaware, are in circulation in Philadelphia. They are well executed and calculated to deceive. The discriminating characteristics are—paper rather oily looking—the wheaten sheaf somewhat too bushy, and the figure five badly formed.—Signatures good.

Counterfeiter.—A man who calls himself John Flack, has been apprehended at Lancaster, (Penn.) charged with attempting to pass counterfeit five dollar notes of the Bank of the United States.

On Tuesday evening last, a black man, at the corner of Spruce and Sixth street, was knocked down and run over by a horse which had broke loose from some carriage, and shockingly disfigured about the head. He was carried to the hospital, where he died the next morning.

Lawyers' Quarrels.—Two lawyers have been fined in $150 each, at Pittsburg, for quarrelling in the Court. In the heat of their phrenzy, besides calling each other abusive names, they fought, and one of them, having prostrated his antagonist, triumphantly mounted upon the body of the fallen foe, and proclaimed his victory.

At the close of the sittings of the Mayor's Court, on Monday, B. C. Vaccarie, convicted of having stolen two diamond breast pins, was sentenced to imprisonment, at hard labor, for three years. The Court, stating, that in passing this sentence, the fraud which Vaccarie had practised upon Mr. Bargasse, in imposing brass filings upon him for gold dust, was taken into consideration. William Wilson, convicted on two indictments, of knowingly passing forged notes of the Mechanics' Bank of the city of New-York, was sentenced to imprisonment, at hard labor, for seven years upon each conviction, making the term of his imprisonment fourteen years. William Gordon, was sentenced to an imprisonment, at hard labor for seven years, for having knowingly passed a forged note of the same kind.

Literary Intelligence.—We observed a communication in the Winyaw Intelligencer of the 22d ult. stating that it is the intention of the Editor of that excellent paper to snatch from oblivion the memory of the late Dr. William Martin Johnston, formerly a physician of Georgetown, S. C. a native of New-York, by giving to the productions of the muse of that highly gifted American Bard "a local habitation and a name."

Samuel B. Beach, of Mount Clements, Michigan Territory, has written a poem entitled *Escalala*, descriptive of the wars, festivals and other customs of the aborigines of our country, and some of its most interesting scenery. This book, in five cantos, says the Detroit Gazette, he will publish at some one of the Atlantic cities.

Literary Competition.—The remainder of the new Novel, entitled FORTUNES OF NIGEL, by the author of Waverly, was received by the James Cropper. An edition is to be struck off immediately in this city; and an express was despatched to some of the booksellers of Philadelphia, who, it is understood, have one volume already printed. It will probably be published early next week.

[*N. Y. Statesman.*

THE SPY IN ENGLAND.

Extract of a letter from a distinguished literary gentleman in London to his correspondent in this city.

"I do not know whether the Spy has as yet been noticed in any of the periodical works here; and indeed if it has, the opinions of these works are so very fallacious, that the author may be kept in ignorance of the real reception of his work. It gives me pleasure therefore to state, on better authority than periodical criticism, that the book has been highly successful. It is daily getting more and more into notice, and I daily hear it spoken of in the most flattering terms by persons of the first distinction, both in literature and fashion.

One of the best criterions of its success is, that Murray repines that he declined the publication of it, as he hears it well spoken of from every quarter. He lays all the blame at Gifford's door, to whom he referred it when first sent to him, and who had reported unfavourably of it. Murray would be glad to receive another work from the author of the Spy, and will use every means in his power to obtain it."

[The foregoing extract will be highly gratifying to our readers, as affording additional evidence, that American literature is rising abroad, and the demand for American books increasing. Mr. Gifford, upon whom Mr. Murray throws the blame of advising him, contrary to his interest, not to republish the Spy, is the well known editor of the Quarterly Review—a work that has been pre-eminently lavish of its abuse upon this country. But it appears that neither that work nor its editor has the control over public sentiment, and that American books are read, all efforts to the contrary notwithstanding.—*N Y Statesman.*]

The crew of the U. S. brig Enterprize, which arrived at New-York on Sunday last, are very sickly. Four officers, including two midshipmen, and 10 seamen, have been sent to the quarantine hospital. Lt. J. S. COXE, son of Tench Coxe, of this city, died on board at Charleston, of the black vomit. The commander, Lieut. Kearney, is well. The vessel has been ordered to perform a rigid quarantine of 20 days.—The New-York papers state, that Midshipman RICHARD S. PLATT, and T. COOPER, have since died. One of the physicians who attended on board was very dangerously ill.

We copy the following article, says the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser, *verbatim*, from a late London paper:—"It is not generally known, that the oak tree is still standing in the New Forest, against which the arrow of Sir Walter Tyrrel glanced, and killed—An unpublished collection of poems by the author of the Seasons, and in his own hand writing."

Punning.—The Philadelphians, (says the Baltimore Chronicle,) are said to be very fond of punning. A celebrated judge of that city, who often indulged in this vein of humor, had the following lines enclosed to him by a gentleman who had felt the severity of his wit:

Eternally punning, 'twould be a good jest,
If a pun could be painted, to have one on your *crest;*
If the thing could be done, 'twould be still better fun,
That your full coat of arms should be pun upon pun:
Then to you the whole army of punsters must yield
When you have such a blazon of puns *in your field.*

AGE OF INVENTIONS.—A gentleman residing at Newport, (R. I.) has invented a species of trap, which is constructed with a mirror at the remotest end. The beast, or the bird, discovers one of his own species, and is caught in the snare. If this invention should be extended to bipeds, game would probably be plenty, and many of our Corinthians and Exquisites would be attracted by their own images.

Uncommon Shower.—A heavy fall of rain took place at Salem, (N. J.) on the 10th instant. It is stated to have fallen eighteen inches on a level: some said it fell in large sheets or solid bodies. The surface of the country at Salem being generally level, and only a few feet above tide water, the damage was inconsiderable. In the higher parts, some mill-dams and bridges were swept away; and a barn containing considerable grain and hay, was struck by lightning and consumed.

Extract of a letter, dated
ST. THOMAS, June 3.

"It is now two years since the islands of Curracoa and Aruba have been visited with rains. The consequence has been very fatal to the planters, who have lost nearly all their cattle. Plantations which formerly raised considerable quantities of corn, beans, &c. now produce nothing; and flocks of sheep and goats amounting to 4000 on one plantation, are now reduced to 3 or 400."

The following account of a shower in Upper Canada, is communicated to the Editor of the Brockville Recorder. If the *storm* was not tremendous, yet all must agree it is a *tremendous description*.—*N. Y. American.*

"Upon the 20th ult we had a tremendous storm in this place. During the fore part of the day heavy showers of rain fell, accompanied with thunder and lightning; at half past 4 P. M. a dark fulminated cloud made its appearance in the north-west; this black nebulous body moved in an easterly direction, and was preceded by a very high wind. But to the unspeakable advantage of the husbandmen, the wind ceased all of a sudden, and scarce a breeze was heard to murmur in the troubled welkin, when a heavy granulated shower descended. Some of these granulous particles were the largest I ever saw, and they were of various dimensions; some were of a globulous, some an oval, and some an angulous form, resembling pieces of ice. I did not measure any of them myself, but was informed by a friend in whose veracity I can rely, that many of them were three inches, and one in particular, about half an hour after it had fallen, measured 4½ inches round.

"This is surely one of the wonders of All-creating power, to see ice falling from the heavens at such a hot season of the year without being dissolved; while the atmosphere glows with heat, and the forked lightning asserts its power, amidst fulminations hoarse, that make the heavens and the trackless forests resound with repercussive murmurs."

The Saturday Mails.

NEW-YORK, July 12.

Erie Canal.—It appears from the Utica Sentinel of Tuesday, that three feet of water, was last week let into the Canal from Genesee river east, to Mann's Mills, Pittsford. The Montezuma marshes were finished on the 3d inst and the lock nearly completed for the passage of boats. The dry weather has been very favourable for the contractors on the marshes; and their workmen have been perfectly healthy this season.

Mails Burnt.—We are informed by the Postmaster at Potsdam, in this state, that the mails sent from all the towns in that county, except Ogdensburgh, Lisbon, and Madrid; together with the mails made up at Albany, on the 24th and 25th ult. as well as all others south of Denmark, had been destroyed by a fire which broke out at the Post Office of Denmark, on Sunday the 30th June.

The Enterprize.—We are glad to find that the rumours respecting the health of the officers and crew of the United States brig Enterprize, are unfounded. She has never been up to the city as was supposed, but has been strictly quarantined at the Lazaretto. Except Dr Platt and two seamen, all on board were well, and no deaths occurred yesterday.

Allum.—Peru, in Clinton County, is stated to possess a vein of native Allum, which was lately discovered by Mr. Watson, son of Elkana Watson, Esq while exploring the banks of the Great Au Sable. The Allum, in its crude state, has quite an astringent taste, is easily dissolved in water, and after the earthy particles are thrown off, although not so transparent, yet it is as fully astringent to the taste as Allum bought at the shops.

General Dearborn, our Minister Plenipotentiary to the Court of Portugal, sailed for his destination from Boston, on Tuesday, on board the brig Spartan, captain Soule. The General was accompanied by his lady, Miss Gay, his grand daughter, with their servants.

Distressing Accident.—A child of Mr. Hasbrouck, of Binghampton, Broome, Co. N. Y. on Saturday last, while the family were at breakfast, put its head through the bars of the gate, and in its efforts to retreat or extricate itself, brought its throat directly across the lower bar of the gate, and unfortunately was not discovered until the vital spark was extinguished. The unfortunate little sufferer, it appears, had been accustomed to put its head through the bars of the gate in front of the house, to look into the street, and had once before been unable to extricate itself, but at that time it alarmed the family by its cries, and was rescued.

David M'Millan, and Louis Gulery, who were under sentence of death at Montreal, have been pardoned by the Governor of Canada.

James Whitney Farnsworth, has been sentenced to be hanged on the 20th September next, convicted before the District Court of the United States, at Batavia, of forging United States Patents for military bounty lands.

DRAMATIC SUMMARY.

Mr. PHILLIPS, the justly famed vocalist, has returned to this city, and intends giving a Concert this evening, at the Washington Hall, at which he will introduce Miss DAVIS, a pupil of his from Dublin.

Messrs. Warren, Wood, and Francis, are now in this city—they will shortly repair to Washington, where the rest of the Philadelphia company are at present performing.

TIVOLI GARDEN.—Last evening, the garden was numerously attended to witness many very astonishing feats on the Slack Rope, by Mr. Williams of the New-York Circus. There was a great variety in the amusements, which were conducted with unusual spirit, and the audience expressed their satisfaction in loud and repeated plaudits.—Among the accessions for the night which we have only time to notice, were Mrs. Williams, Miss M'Manus, and Mr. Monier, besides Mr. Maxey, who gave several specimens of rare talent on the Kent Bugle. The performances are to take place again, this evening.

NEW-YORK.—The City Theatre, in Warren st. opened on the 2d inst. with an address written for the occasion. The managers have been at considerable expense in fitting up this establishment in a handsome style, and the talents of the dramatis persons lead us suppose that they will meet the approbation of the public, and share in their rewards. Mrs. Entwistle commenced an engagement of six nights on Wednesday evening, as Letitia Hardy, in the comedy of the Belle's Stratagem—she was announced for the character of Lucy Temple, in the School for Scandal, which was to be performed last evening. Mr. Stone, from Philadelphia, also made his first appearance on the former evening, as Hardy.

We understand that M. West, of the Circus, has sold out to Messrs. Price & Simpson, managers of the Theatre, for $15,000, and that the Equestrian performances will be continued under their superintendance, to commence on Monday evening next. Mr West sails for England in Sept.

WASHINGTON CITY.—The Baltimore Company commenced operations on the 9th inst. The theatre is in an airy and pleasant situation, and the want of public amusements in this place, at this time, will doubtless make the season a profitable one for the drama.

FASHION.—The proceeds of Miss George's benefit at the Opera in Paris, on the 29th of April, amounted to nearly 30,000 francs.—Matthews, the most distinguished English comedian of the age, at the last advices, was on the eve of departing for America.

MIRROR OF LIFE.

SHOWING THE VERY AGE AND BODY OF THE TIMES, ITS FORM AND PRESSURE.

At Harrisburg, Pa. on the night of the th inst. a number of persons assembled nd destroyed six or seven houses of ill-ame.

It is stated in the South Carolina State ournal, of the 18th ult. "that there is not single place for divine worship, nor a inister of the gospel in all Florida."

Late accounts from Carthagena con-irm the intelligence which had been pre-iously received, that Old Providence had een annexed to the Colombian Republic, nd that the squadron formerly belonging o Com. Aury, had likewise been acceded o it.

The Board of Health of Savannah, Geo. have commenced their summer reports.—On the 26th ult. there were about 26 cases of fever of different grades—principally ight intermittents. No cases of an uncommon kind.

A child, of about five years of age, was lately exhibited at the Royal Academy of Medicine in Paris, who is so fat that he can hardly walk.—He is not taller than other children of the same age, but weighs 108 pounds!—*French Paper*

The editor of the Baltimore Federal Republican has announced for publication, on the 1st day of August ensuing, a catalogue of his delinquent subscribers.

MAPLE SUGAR, made in Susquehanna County, Pa. by S. H. Rose, Esq. has been exhibited before the Philadelphia Agricultural Society, and obtained a premium. In brightness, grain and colour, it has the rich appearance of the Louisiana sugar.

Slaves.—Judge Charlton has decided, that alien friends subjects are not liable to the performance of militia duty by the laws of Georgia, (where the person appears to have been lately agitated,) it appearing from references to the civil code and ordonnances of France, that American citizens are exempted from service in the National Guard, (militia) of that kingdom.

Governor Bennet, of South Carolina, has issued a proclamation offering a reward of $500 for the apprehension of *James T. Williams*, the negro-stealer, who escaped from the custody of those who were conveying him from Georgia to the former state for trial.

The Charleston papers say the citizens had learnt with regret, "that the members of the Court now assembled for the trial of persons suspected of an attempt to excite an insurrection in this state, propose to retire."

A small alligator, 18 inches long, was taken in a creek near New-Haven on the 5th July. It has been preserved alive by the person who took it.

Squirrel hunting.—Upwards of 2,780 squirrels were recently shot in Fairfield, Conn. by 47 persons, in one day.

Age of Discovery.—A late English publication says that the spirit extracted from ants causes serenity or greatness of mind, resolves the fats, cheers the heart, strengthens nature, and cures consumptions.

A Tortoise, of moderate size, was found a few weeks since at Southampton, (Mass.) marked "P. K. 1786." It is supposed to have been marked by the late Phineas King, of that town, and at the time the date indicates. It had some appearance of old age, but was thought to stand a fair chance of surviving another generation.—An additional mark of "1822," was put on it, to denote the commencement of this new era in his life.

A lady of Charleston, (S. C.) and a maid servant, while bathing on Sunday night, the 30th ult. at Sullivan's Island, were unfortunately drowned, by getting into deeper water than they imagined. The body of the lady was recovered a short time afterwards, and great but ineffectual exertions were made to restore her; all means in the power of those present were used in vain. The body of the servant was found the day following.

Murder.—A Coroner's jury at Boston, has returned a verdict of murder on examining the body of Thomas Branagan, a native of Ireland, and a labourer, found dead in a house near the dock. A warrant had been issued against Owen Sherry, charged with the crime, but he had decamped. A woman named Mary Reed, had been committed as an accomplice in the murder.

Accident.—While celebrating the 4th of July, at Musqueto Cove, L. I. one of the cannon used for the occasion, burst and killed a young gentleman by the name of Wait Carpenter, and wounded two or three others, but not dangerously.

Melancholy.—At New-Berlin, (Pa.) near the turnpike that leads from Berwick to Easton, a woman, lately, in the absence of her husband, discovered a large Rattlesnake some distance from the house in which she lived, and determined to shoot it, and got a rifle for the purpose. But for some reason laid down the rifle and killed the snake with a stick, after which she caught hold of the muzzle of the rifle, and in the act of raising which, it went off, and the whole contents entered her left breast—she did not fall, but took the rifle into the house and set it up—then lifted her infant from the cradle, and bidding one of the older children to press her hand on the wound to check the effusion of blood, *gave suck to the child*—thus exemplifying the ruling passion strong in death'—the last thought of the mother was associated with the comfort of her little one—a few hours after the woman was a corpse. A husband and seven small children have to lament her untimely fate.

Murder.—A man named Richard Bedow, of Fairfax (Vt) has been committed to prison, charged with the murder of his wife. She died a short time since, and was buried; but some suspicion being entertained that she was murdered, the remains were taken up, and on examination, marks of violence were found upon the body, which left no rational doubt that she came to her end in consequence of being inhumanly beaten and bruised. It is said the prisoner is a foreigner, and that he indulges himself in intoxication.

A Harrisburg paper says, that the distressing malady of the dysentery is prevailing to an alarming degree in Hanover, in Dauphin county. A number of deaths, especially among children have taken place in that neighbourhood within the last two weeks.

Fire.—Two wooden buildings, in which were eleven looms and a quantity of unfinished cloth, attached to the Woolen Factory at Steubenville, Ohio, were destroyed by fire on the 21st ult. The loss is estimated at $3000.

Lightning.—The ship Newburyport, of Newburyport, which sailed on Monday last week, from Baltimore for Limerick, was struck by lightning the following day at the mouth of the river, by which her fore-topmast was split, and four men hurt, two badly, from the electric fluid that descended to the cabin. The ship proceeded to Norfolk to repair.

Conspiracy of the Negroes.—The following persons of color were convicted at Charleston, of an attempt to raise an insurrection in Carolina, and sentenced to be executed on the 2d instant, viz: Denmark Vesey, a free blackman; Rolla, Batteau, Ned, slaves of his Excellency Thomas Bennett; Peter, the slave of James Poyas, Esq; and Jesse, the slave of Thomas Blackwood, Esq. The sentence of the law has been carried into full effect.

A singular, yet not unprecedented occurrence, we are informed, took place on the evening of the 4th inst at one of the public gardens in this city. A young woman, decently dressed, but apparently feeble, was sitting in one of the alcoves with an infant in her arms. Near her was a young gentleman, foreigner, to whom the young lady addressed herself, and begged him to hold her child for a moment until she had adjusted some part of her dress. He was too polite not to yield to her request. In a moment she disappeared in the crowd, and could not afterwards be found. The young gentleman was left with a sleeping infant in his arms, surrounded by his jeering companions, and was perhaps the only person present who could not raise a smile at witnessing his early and unwelcome paternity.—*N. Y. American*.

INVEIGLING.—During the sitting of the Inferior Court, for this county, Joseph Lawrence, a colored free man, and as we are informed, a native of the state of New-York, who, not long since, arrived at this place in the schooner Fair Play, Captain Perez Drinkwater, was tried upon the charge of endeavoring to inveigle a negro man named Macklin, belonging to Major James Dunwoody.—He so far effected his purpose, as to get the slave on board the above schr. when about to return to New-York, and secreted him away—but fortunately the design was detected. The case having been submitted to the Jury, they retired, and in the course of half an hour, returned with a verdict of GUILTY—consequently, the Court in conformity to the laws of this State, sentenced the prisoner to one year's imprisonment in the Penitentiary, at hard labor, and at the expiration of that time, to be sold as a *slave during life*. Judges West, Gignilliat, and Hunter, presided. May his conduc and his fate prove a warning to others who are in the habit of being employed on board our packets in the Southern States. [*Darien Gazette*.

Copperheads.—A few days since, a woman in Salisbury township, Bucks county, discovered a copperhead snake on her dresser. It was killed in the kitchen. In the same township, about the same time, a woman sitting her foot out of the door was bit in the heel by a copperhead. She screamed, and her dog flew upon and killed the snake. At our last advices she was yet alive. The snakes are supposed to have descended from the high lands in search of water. There has been a great want of rain in Bucks county this summer.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Baton Rouge to one of his friends in Baltimore, dated

BATON ROUGE, June 5, 1822.

On Monday last, towards 2 o'clock in the afternoon, judge Esnault arrived from Point Coupee on board the Ramabo, to hold court in the Parish of West Baton Rouge. He went to the house of Mr. Hiriart, his brother in law, where Mr. Chaumont, formerly a French officer, also resided. Towards nine o'clock in the evening, supper being over, Mrs. Hiriart had very fortunately retired with her two children, and the above three gentlemen were engaged in a conversation around the table, when all of a sudden, they were assailed by a volley of gun shots; unfortunately Chaumont was thrown down, having received *thirty-five* balls or buckshot in different parts of his body.—Esnault received a ball in the leg and another one in the shoulder. As to Hiriart, he was sheltered by the pannels of the table and received no harm. The confusion which the event occasioned, prevented a pursuit of the murderers, who could not be recognized.—From the information collected thus far, it appears that the villains were only two in number, each of them probably armed with a double barrelled gun; that they entered through the alley which separates Hiriart's plantation from that of Mr. Valerien Allain, where they left their horses, and then penetrated into the garden lying in the rear of the house, and on which the room in which the three gentlemen were, was situated, and that there favoured by darkness, they waited for the opportunity of committing their attempt, and that after having executed their crime, they went up to their horses, and escaped. This horrid transaction has revolted every body, and there is only one opinion about it in the two parishes. It is supposed that the governor will issue his proclamation, offering a reward for the detection of the assailants.

FROM LAGUIRA.—By the arrival at New-York, of the brig Georgetown Packet, in 16 days from Laguira, information has been received, that General Bolivar had achieved a great victory at Quito—the Spanish General Morales had shot himself in consequence thereof. The inhabitants of Caraccas were in a state of alarm, on account of an Indian leader having sprung up and obtained a considerable number of followers, who were entering and pillaging the neighbouring villages. The negroes had been endeavouring to raise a mutiny in Caraccas, and some of them had been expelled the country.

The Patriot squadron of 9 sail had arrived at Laguira from off Porto Cavello, much shattered, having had an engagement with the Spanish squadron at that place. They were refitting, and increasing their force to return to the blockade. The Spanish frigate Ligera, and the brig of war Hercules, had gone to Porto Rico, for provisions, and were to return to Porto Cavello immediately.

PETERSBURG, (Vir.) July 9.

A pair of villains caught.—On Thursday morning last, in the midst of the bustle and parade at Poplar Spring, a gentleman from the country (Mr. Scott of Halifax,) was robbed of his pocket book, containing $1600 in cash. Mr. S. had received the money only that morning, and recollected but one of the notes—a Georgia bill of $100. This Georgia bill has been the means of detecting the villains, and of partially, if not wholly retrieving the loss of a worthy man. The necessary steps having been taken to apprize the brokers as well of Richmond as this town of the robbery, and a description furnished of the notes as far as practicable, the thieves fell into the snare, and on Saturday last were arrested and committed to gaol in Richmond. These associates in villainy are two in number; their names in Richmond were John Pomroy and Joseph Santee*; in this town they passed themselves for R. Sims and William Bumroy. In their examination on Saturday, it was shown that they were in Richmond on the 3d and 5th—the 4th they spent in this town.—$800 were found upon them.

* It may be remembered that a person of this name was implicated in the mysterious affair of the supposed murder of Mr. Metayer, which made so much noise in this city a few weeks ago.—Probably he is the same man.

FROM THE N. Y. STATESMAN.

English Amusements.—The following report of a "*smashing set to*" is from the Plymouth Telegraph. It furnishes a specimen of the fashionable public amusements of a nation, whose writers have animadverted with much severity upon the coarse and vulgar manners and customs of the United States. That such sports are popular, and are attended by the fashionable classes of society is evident, from the circumstance of *one hundred and forty* carriages being upon the arena in waiting for their company. National amusements are said to be an index to national character. If this be correct, the inference to be drawn is not much in favour of the English:

BRUISING MATCH.—The amateurs and admirers of this *delightful* science in our neighbourhood experienced a Treat on Tuesday last, on Cremill Passage Green, where two sons of Neptune, champions for the pugilistic palm of victory, Bartlett and Peacock, had a *smashing set to* for three hours! during which time no less than 72 rounds were fought. A regular ring was formed: Bartlett entered first, and *doffed* the *castor* from his *nob*, his *blue bird's eye* from his *squeeze*, and his *body-binder* from his *bread basket*; Peacock soon followed, and *peeled* to the *buff*, attended by a couple of *knowing-cows* to see fair play. Little science was shown except in *weaving* at *hugging* they were both *dabsters*. The *claret* flowed in most copious streams from the combatants, and it is said three quarts less than nine *fogles* were completely saturated on the occasion. Sir John Barleycorn was made very free with. After a great deal of *boring*, *driving*, and *cut* and *slash* hits, Peacock, by a lucky blow, screwed up the *ogle* of his opponent, who returned the compliment by a right handed touch on the *potato-trap*. The *kiddies* stood to their work manfully, and though Peacock was literally *pounded* to a mummy, he insisted on returning to the *scratch* up to the latest moment; but at the close of the 72d round, the *Commissary-Generals* interfered, and the combatants, overpowered by the *gab* of the two gentlemen, shook *mawleys* and parted.—One hundred and forty carriages were counted at the beach, waiting for their company.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

R. E. who has favored us with several numbers of the "*Observer*," is informed that, at present, we defer the publication of them in consequence of *having a numerous correspondence, who are equally* desirous with himself of, seeing their communications inserted. As to any extracts which we have or may in future select for the paper, he certainly cannot question that we have a right to this *privilege*.

CONSTANCE shall appear next week—we apologize for our want of attention, and assure her that our respect for the Ladies is only equalled by the desire we have to please them.

Public Sale Report.

J. and W. LIPPINCOTTS & CO. Auctioneers.

From July 6th, to July 13th, 1822.

[Terms—$200. 60 days; 300. 90 days.]
SUGAR—50 hhds. Porto Rico, 8,35 a 9,70 cwt.
[Terms—90 days.]
70 hhds. St. Thomas, 9,37½ —
[Terms—$200, 60 days; $400. 90 days.]
61 hhds. Porto Rico, 8.00 a 9,40 —
[Terms $100 to 500, 60 days; $500 & upw. 90.]
25 hhds. 5 tierces Havana Muscovado 8,80 a 9,95 cwt.
9 hhds. Porto Rico, 8,00 a 9.00 —
24 bbls. St. Thomas, 9,10 a 10,90 —
11 boxes White Havana, 12,40 —
MOLASSES—16 hhds. Havana, 32½ gal.
RICE—78 tierces Carolina 3,00 a 3,17½ cwt.
73 do. do. 2,75 a 2.80 —
37 ½ do. do. 3,07½ —
[Terms—$100, 60 days; 200, 90; upw. 3 & 4 m.]
BRANDY—11 pipes Armagnac, (via London) 1,34 a 1,51 gal.
MUSTARD—17 boxes London, 1,25
PEPPER—58 bags, 20½ lb.
COFFEE—15 bags Havana, 27½ —
MACKEREL—70 bbls. Boston, No. 1, 7,50 bbl.
NUTMEGS—4 kegs, 1,75 lb.
CLOVES—4 mats, 1,25 —
VINEGAR—5 hhds. 8 gal.
HAMS—50 Virginia, 9 lb.
TOBACCO—14 hhds. Kentucky, (damaged) 3,00 a 4,25 cwt.
11 hhds. do. (sound) 4 25 a 5.50

Richard Spragg, Jr.

RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends and the Public in general, that he has taken out a Commission for the Sale of REAL ESTATE, SHIPS, and HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE. He offers his services to his fellow citizens of the city and county of Philadelphia, in the above line of business, and hopes by strict attention, and punctuality in the discharge of his duty, as an Auctioneer for the Sale of undutiable Property, to have a share of public patronage, as nothing shall be wanting on his part to give general satisfaction. ☞ Applications made at No 8, SOUTH FOURTH STREET, or at No 36 DOCK, below Second street, will command early attention.

All kinds of Household Furniture, and undutiable articles received for Private Sale, at the Store, No. 8, South Fourth Street, bel w Market, west side. RICHARD SPRAGG, Jr. Auct'r.
june 22—3t*

MARRIED,

On the 4th inst. by John Shaw, Esq. DAVID HUGGENS, to Mrs. NANCY SMITH, both of the county of Philadelphia.

On the 4th inst. by the Rev. Thomas Griffin, Mr. ROWLAND BLOOD, to Miss LUCRETIA CRISPIN.

On Tuesday evening, the 9th inst. by the Rev. William Hogan, Pastor of St. Mary's Church, Mr. JOSEPH FRANCISCO VINNINI, to Miss ANNA LOUISA JOSEPHINE DESSAA.

At Cayenne, at St Michael's Church, SAMUEL FABENS, Esq. Merchant, formerly of Salem, son of Capt. William Fabens, to Miss EUPHRASIE MATHEY, formerly of Philadelphia.

On Thursday evening, by the Rev. Mr. Engle, Mr BANKSON HUDDELL, to Miss HANNAH COLLIN SPARKS, all of Southwark.

On the evening of the 9th inst. by the Rev. Dr. Janeway, at the country residence of James S. Duval, Esq Dr. ANDREW E HANCKEL, to Miss SARAH DUVAL, all of this city.

On Tuesday, the 9th inst. by the Rev. Dr. Abercrombie, Mr. SAMUEL K. CARSWELL, to Miss ELIZABETH QUIN, daughter of Mr. Andrew Quin, all of this city.

On the 4th inst. by the Rev. Dr. Reed, Mr. ROBERT MITCHELL, of Philadelphia, to Miss MARY CLARK, of Brandywine Hundred, near Wilmington, Del.

On the 4th inst. by the Rev. Thomas Griffin, Mr THOMAS WILEY, to Miss MARY PHILSTER.

DIED,

On the 3d instant, of the cholera morbus, Mr. ISAAC MORDECAI, aged 57.

On Sunday morning last, PETER MIERCKEN, Esq. aged 57.

On Sunday last, of a short illness, Mr. CONRAD SEYFERT, Bookbinder.

On Tuesday, Mr. WILLIAM WILEY, aged 43, long a respectable merchant of this city.

On Monday evening, Col. EDWARD PRICE, aged 53.

On Monday evening, MARY MALVINA, daughter of Richard Dennis, Esq. aged 15.

On the evening of the 8th inst. JOSEPH MASTER, long a respectable inhabitant of this city.

On the 10th inst FRANCIS WALN, son of Robert Waln, Esq. aged 23.

On Wednesday morning, after a short illness, Mr. JOHN LAWRENCE senr aged 78.

On Tuesday morning, the 9th inst. Mrs. MARGARET LEWIS, formerly of Baltimore, but who arrived in this port a few weeks since, in the ship Ohio, Capt Kay, from New-Orleans.

On Tuesday afternoon, after a lingering illness, JOHN ALEXANDER, aged 54.

On the 8th inst Mr. EDWARD LILLY, formerly of Dublin, and for several years resident in this city.

On Saturday last, LOUISA KING, aged one year, and on Sunday morning, SOPHIA ANN, aged seven years, both daughters of Mr James Bennett, late of New-York. Thus has a whole family of *five* children been cut off ere the bud of their existence had yet expanded.

On Wednesday, after a short illness, GEORGE SCOTT, sen. Oak Cooper, aged 63.

On Thursday morning, Mr. JACOB WAKERLY, Victualler, aged 47.

At sea, on the 20th ult. on his passage from N. Orleans to Petersburg, Mr John Clark, (butcher) a most respectable inhabitant of the latter place.—What is singular in Mr Clark's history, he was born at sea off the Capes of Virginia, and has now yielded up his last breath just about the place where he drew his first.

ALMANAC.

1822. JULY	Sun Rises	Sun Sets	High Water	Moon's Phases.
13 Saturday,	4 41	7 19	6 38	
14 Sunday,	4 42	7 18	10 6	
15 Monday,	4 42	7 18	11 33	
16 Tuesday,	4 43	7 17	0 15	
17 Wednesday,	4 44	7 16	1 9	
18 Thursday,	4 44	7 16	1 54	
19 Friday,	4 45	7 15	2 33	

PUBLIC SALES.

BY COMLY & TEVIS, Auc'rs.

No. 73 MARKET STREET.

WOOL, COTTON & FURS.

On Tuesday, the 16th inst. at 10 o'clock, at the stores, No. 32 South Front street,

75 bales Spanish Wool, 23 do. New-Orleans Cotton, 2 do. Furs. Terms at sale.

On Wednesday morning, at 9 o'clock, on a credit of 60 days, for approved notes,

A large assortment of fresh imported and seasonable DRY GOODS, in lots.

Also, a quantity of Domestic Sheetings, Shirtings, Cassinets, &c.

DRY GOODS.

On Saturday morning next, at 9 o'clock, will be sold, on a credit,

An extensive assortment of DRY GOODS, suited to the season.

A Special Meeting of the Roscian Society, will be held at the usual place, on Tuesday next, the 16th inst. at 7½ o'clock.

G CARIA, Secretary.

Punctual attendance is requested, as business of importance will be laid before the Society.
july 13

FREDERICK KLETT,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Druggist, Oil and Colourman,

No 261, N. E corner of Callowhill & Second sts.

RESPECTFULLY offers to Physicians, Country Merchants, Dyers and Fullers, a general assortment of Drugs, Medicines, and Dye Stuffs; such as Logwood, Red and Nicaragua Wood, Fustic, Turmeric, Copperas, Verdigris, Madder, Cudbear, Woad, Oil Vitriol, Aqua Fortis, Muriatic Acid, Cochineal, &c. Dry and Ground White Lead, Red Lead, Orange Mineral, Litharge, Vermilion, Prussian Blue, Chromic Yellow, Rose Pink, Stone Ochre, Philadelphia and Patent Green, Umber, Whiting, &c.; with a general assortment of Window Glass.

☞ The above articles will be sold on reasonable terms. Prompt attention will be paid to all orders which he may be favoured with, and packed in the most careful manner. july 13—1

Goodwin's Prize List.

TWENTY-SECOND day's drawing Union Canal Lottery, 10th Class:

Nos. 585, 5187,	each	$1000
7090, 17064,	each	100
18424, 13593,	each	50
777, 7660, 13536, 7684, 13241, 3046, 6909,	each	20

The next drawing will take place on Tuesday next. Tickets selling rapidly for the small sum of $8 shares in proportion, but will advance after the next drawing. Clubs dealt with on the most liberal terms. Orders from the Country, post paid, promptly attended to. Cash advanced for all prizes sold at this office, as soon as drawn.
July 13—1t

R. L. JENNINGS,

GIVES lessons upon his system of SHORT HAND, at No. 9 South Eighth street. Ladies or Gentlemen desirous of acquiring a thorough knowledge of this art, may be assured, that from its simplicity, a person of ordinary capacity will, in less than two weeks, be able to read and write it correctly and expeditiously. feb 23—tf

P. Canfield's Official Prize List.

22d *DRAWING*,

UNION CANAL LOTTERY—TENTH CLASS.

Nos. 585, 5187,	each	$1000
17064, 7090,	each	$100
*18424, 13593,	each	$50
*7660, *7684, *13241, 13536, 3046, 6909, 777,	each	$20

* All (as usual) sold at Fortune's Home, P. Canfield's Office, 127, Chesnut street.

☞ On Tuesday next the Union Canal Lottery draws for the 23d time, and after the 24th drawing which takes place on Friday next, the grand capital prize of $10,000 will be deposited in the wheel, when, as may be expected, tickets will advance. The whole amount of the money yet to be drawn from the prize wheel, as will be seen by the following exhibit, exceeds the handsome sum of $51,000! and will all be drawn in less than one month.

1 prize of	$ 6,000	is	$10,000
2	5,000		10,000
7	1,000		7,000
11	500		5,500
55	100		5,500
47	50		2,350
145	20		2,900
1475	6		8,700
Amount			$51,950

Tickets $8, shares in proportion, for sale at

P. Canfield's

Pennsylvania State Lottery Office, No. 127, Chesnut street, nearly opposite and between the Post Office and the U. S. Bank.

Where continues to be sold the capital prizes in this Lottery, and the cash advanced immediately for the same. July 13—tf

Gibbs' Prize List,

OF the 22d day's drawing of the Union Canal Lottery, 10th Class:

Nos. *585, 15187, prizes of	$100	each
*17064 7090,	100	each
*13593, 18424,	50	each
*777, 7660, 13536, 7684, 13241, 3046, 69 9,	20	each

* Sold at Gibbs'. ‡ Sold in Shares. The fortunate holders are invited to call and receive the cash for the same. Adventurers take notice of the above, and you must certainly be convinced from this and the preceding drawings of this Lottery, that you have only to apply at PORT GIBBS and obtain the prizes. This Lottery will draw again on Tuesday and Friday next, and those who feel desirous of getting a handsome prize are earnestly requested to apply without delay, at

GIBBS's OFFICE, 4½ South Third street.
July 13—1t

A. NICHOLLS, Saw-Maker,

No. 118 SOUTH FRONT STREET,

HAS lately commenced manufacturing SAWS of various descriptions, such as Cast steel and German Hand and Pannel Saws, Cast steel and German Iron-back Saws, Brass-back Saws, &c. Wood Saw Webs, Breaking, Turning and Chair Webs, Lock and Key-hole Saws, Circular Saws, &c. &c.

Circular Saws, with Spindle complete, got up in the neatest manner.

Cotton Gin Saws, made to any pattern or order.

All the above Saws, in point of temper and workmanship, is warranted superior to any imported, which will be sold, wholesale or retail, cheap for cash. Also, on hand, a Stock of MECHANICS TOOLS, in general. feb 2—tf

VENETIAN BLINDS,

MADE, painted, and fitted up in the best possible manner, at the Columbian Shade Manufactory, No. 104, North Fifth Street, Philadelphia, cheap for cash, or in exchange for Merchandise. As the subscriber devotes the whole of his time to this business, he flatters himself that he can give better satisfaction to his employers than those who are involved in a labyrinth of professions.—Orders from any part of the country executed with fidelity and despatch, by the public's faithful servant, JOHN YATMAN.
Jan. 12—6m

LEATHER STORE.

ABRAHAM WINNEMORE, at No. 55 PINE STREET, Philadelphia, has constantly on hand, an assortment of LEATHER, which he can dispose of as low, for cash or approved notes, as can be obtained in the city.
oct 20—tf

BALM OF COLUMBIA,

An important recent Chemical discovery.

THE ladies and gentlemen of this city and elsewhere, are respectfully informed, that John Oldridge has fortunately discovered, by the power of chemistry, the grand desideratum of preventing Hair from falling off in FORTY-EIGHT HOURS. This balm will most absolutely, in the course of a short time, make the Hair grow *healthy* and *thick*. J. O is well aware that many fraudulent and impositious Oils, &c have been imposed on the public, and therefore prejudice will be severe against his discovery, until trial shall convince his patrons that such a thing exists in nature as a certain preventative against the loss of hair. This valuable balm will cause whiskers and beards to grow rapidly. No danger need be apprehended to the human system by the application of this capillary restorative. The public may rest assured that it helps nature, and is perfectly harmless.

Persons desirous of becoming agents for the sale of the Balm of Columbia, will please address the proprietor by letter, (post paid,) with a suitable reference.

Prepared and sold, at $1 a pint, or 50 cents for a half pint bottle, by JOHN OLDRIDGE, No. 55½ South Front street, and at No. 11 North Fourth street, Philadelphia. march 30

S. PAGE & SON,

BROKERS, SCRIVENERS AND ACCOUNTANTS, No. 8, South Fifth street. Persons having money to put out at interest, may be accommodated with a variety of property in the city or county—Also, bills, bonds, and notes of hand discounted at their office, where Real Estate of every description, Mortgages, Military Lands, Stock and Ground Rents, are bought and sold on Commission; Naturalization Papers for Aliens drawn; Pensions secured; Mechanics' Books posted; Insolvents' Petitions drawn, and their business attended to throughout; Writings of all kinds correctly executed; Money always to be had on good security; and generally in the performance of all duties or services, wherein the aid of an agent or attorney, may be convenient or useful.

N B A Register of Real Estate, &c. kept open for inspection and insertion. Fifty cents charge for an entry. june 8—tf

NO. 57, MARKET STREET.

Cast Steel Scythes, Sickles, &c.

THE most approved makes of Grass and Corn SCYTHES, cut and wrought NAILS, with a general assortment of HARDWARE and CUTLERY, for sale by the Subscriber, cheap for cash, Wholesale or Retail.

Thomas Shipley.
april 27—tf

Wholesale and Retail Brewery.

THE Subscriber informs his friends and the public, that they can be supplied with FRESH BEER and ALE, at the following prices, viz from five gallons and upwards, at the rate of 18¾ cents per gallon—Table Beer at 6¼ cents per gallon, Yeast, &c. WM. STEVENS,

No 64, corner of Gray's alley and Front street.
sept 15—tf

John and Thomas Cluley,

WIRE FENDER and CAGE MAKERS, No 17 South Fourth street, next door to the Indian Queen, manufacture all articles in the Wire line on reasonable terms. Orders from any part of the U. States promptly attended to. feb 2—tf

THE OLIO.

"Variety's the very spice of life,
That gives it all its flavour."

TO GUESSERS.

A River, in the mildest clime
That in the world is found,
And one that flows where Poesy's harp
Will ever sweetest sound:
To these if you will lastly add
A member of the foot,
Then join the lines, the three will make
A most nutricious fruit. B. B.

AN APPARENT PARADOX.

The letters that will NORMINO spell,
(No paradox is here,)
And saw, transposed, a name will tell,
To Freedom, Virtue dear. B. B.

NAUTICAL QUIBBLE.

Father—A sailor is a drunken sot,
And shall not have my daughter.
Friend—How can it be?—have you forgot
A sailor *lives on water.*

QUERE.—What is that which a Ship has when she goes to sea, when she is at sea, and when she is under sail? It is of no use to her, is no part of the ship—it costs nothing, and yet she cannot go to sea without it.

Congressional Wit.—In the course of the long dozing debates of the last session of Congress upon the Bankrupt Bill, Mr. ARCHER, of Virginia, occupied the floor in a [opposition] speech of two days. At the close of the second, an eastern wag exclaimed in the words of Dr. Young, as he left the Hall,

"Insatiate *Archer!* could not *once* suffice?
Twice hast thou sped thy dart, and *twice*
My peace was slain."

Military.—When I say, *fire!* said a militia captain to his men, all you that have guns must *shoot*—and you that have only *sticks* and *corn-stalks* must point them outwards and cry *bon!*"

A cockney who had heard much of the ballad of *Robin Adair*, asked a friend if he had heard *Robin had hair?* who not wishing to appear ignorant, answered, why, to be sure I have, who said he was *bald.*

A gentleman going home late one evening, *stopped* the watchman to inquire the hour. Sir, replied the facetious guardian of the night, I am not a *stop watch.*

Retort.—A little hunch backed man was passing over a bridge early one morning. He was overtaken by a man with but one eye. The latter thinking to quiz the hunch-back, saluted him with—Well, friend, you are loaded betimes this morning. You're right, says the hunch-back, for I see you have got only one of your shop windows open.

A wag observed, that the late fashionable mode of making *iron bound* boots and shoes was putting *mankind* on a *footing* with *horses.* In one respect, however, the observation is incorrect, as *horses* have no *soles.*

Bilious Disorder.—"How do you do, Jack; what ails you man?" inquired a friend of Bannister. "Oh! my dear fellow, I have a terrible bilious disorder." "Indeed; I did not know before that you were subject to Bile."—"Bile? oh no, but I am so to a heap of *bills*, which I can't pay, and if that be not a *Bilious* disorder, pray what is?"

Pun Pugilistic.—When Jack Marten, the pugilist, married Elizabeth Martin, of St. Giles, that incorrigible punster remarked, that it was too bad to knock his wife's i out on the very day of her marriage.

Mr. Walsh in commenting on the want of truth and candour which prevails in a certain new book of "Travels in America, by an Englishman of the name of *Welby*, tells the following good *traveller's story*, which he heard at a dinner-table abroad.—"A gentleman and esquire of strict veracity, like Mr. Welby, related, in order to shew how common was the calamity of the *coup de soliel*, or stroke of the sun, in the island of Java, that sitting once in the house of an opulent merchant of Batavia, drinking a *cool* glass of Madeira after dinner, with the merchant's wife in the room, the lady was, in the twinkling of an *eye, reduced to a heap of ashes*, by a *coup de soliel*—when the husband observed to his guest, "don't be alarmed, we are accustomed to this;" then rang the bell with great composure, and on the appearance of the servant, *coolly* said, "Boy sweep your mistress out, and *bring us clean glasses.*"

An Antiquary in Boston has stated in the Daily Advertiser a curious fact respecting the birth of the great Franklin, viz: That his (Franklin's) mother attended church on the morning of the 6th Jan. 1706, joined in the communion service, it being sacrament day, at the Old South, and after service, was delivered of a son, who was carried into meeting in the afternoon and baptised by the name of Benjamin, "the son of my right hand." It appears he was born in a house in Milk street, opposite the Old South, on which scite now stands the furniture ware-house of Davis & Brown. Dr. Benj. F. was the tenth son, and the youngest son of the youngest son for five generations.

There is a period in the life of every woman, when she may be said to be predisposed to love—it is at the happy age when infancy is lost in opening maturity—when the guileless heart beats with the joyous anticipations of life which the truth can never realize, and when the imagination forms images of perfection that are copied after its own unsullied visions.

Friendship.—Wounds may be bound up and words forgiven; but he who betrays the secrets of his friend loses all credit.

A. ATKINSON'S
SUPERIOR PATENT SPRING RIDING SADDLES,
AND PATENT LAPORTE BRIDLES, &c.

HAVING purchased of JOHN J. MORRIS, of the city of New-York, the sole and entire right of making and vending his newly invented SPRING SEAT and SPRING POINTED SADDLES, within the city and county of Philadelphia, offers them for Sale,

AT HIS SADDLE & HARNESS MANUFACTORY,
No. 5 North Fifth street.

Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and see the principle on which they are constructed.—Nearly two years' trial of the above Saddles in New York, has rendered comments unnecessary—confident of their utility he offers them to the public, that they may decide on their superiority.

The Laporte Bridles are constructed in such a manner as to curb the most vicious Horse without injuring him, and with perfect ease and safety to the rider. They are well adapted for Ladies, and persons not in the practice of riding, as it gives them full power over their Horses in cases of fright.—They can also be applied to Harness of every description. Also, for sale, an assortment of Superior STEEL and PLATED BITTS and STIRRUPS.

N. B. Gentlemen can be accommodated with Spring Saddles for trial, if required. June 15—tf

SILVEIRA & BROWNE,

WOOLEN DRAPERS AND TAILORS, No. 83, South Second Street, between Norris's and Gray's Alleys, respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have now on hand a handsome assortment of superfine Black and Blue Cloths, with a variety of other fashionable colours; a fine assortment of Cassimeres and Vestings of the latest fashion; together with Drillings, Stripes, &c. Any of the above will be made to order on the most reasonable terms, and as they are provided with the best workmen, they flatter themselves they will be able to give satisfaction to those who may favour them with their custom.
may 11—tf

THE CELEBRATED
CEYLON TOOTH POWDER.

THE recipe for this excellent Dentifrice was sent by a gentleman in the East Indies o his friend in England, where it is universally used and highly approved, being a preventative of the TOOTH-ACHE. It purifies and sweetens the Breath; causes the Teeth to be a beautiful white; improves the enamel and strengthens the Gums. Very few have been known to have the Tooth ache, or Rheumatism in the Gums, who have constantly used it. For sale by THOMAS S. ANNERS, Sole Agent for the proprietor, No. 141 Chesnut street.

A liberal discount made to those who buy to sell again. Also a choice assortment of PERFUMERY.
Jan. 12—6m

ANDREW MOORE'S

TOOTH BRUSH MANUFACTORY, No. 119 North Third street, above Race street, Philadelphia, where he offers for sale, Tooth Brushes, of a superior quality. Also, Fancy and Common Brushes, wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms. All orders thankfully received, and punctually attended to. april 6—tf

QUILL MANUFACTORY.

KREYMBORG & HAGEDORN, No. 41 Chesnut, Philadelphia, has on hand and offers for sale, all kinds of Clarified Yellow and White Manufactured QUILLS, from $2 50 to $25 the thousand. feb 2—tf

Money to Loan on Mortgage.

SEVERAL Sums of different amounts, from one thousand to fifty thousand Dollars, to Loan on approved security in the City or County of Philadelphia. Apply to ISAAC ELLIOTT, No 82 Chesnut street. feb 2—tf

SEA BATHING.

DR. WILLIAM K. MASON

GRATEFULLY returns his thanks to his customers for former favours, and respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Philadelphia and other places, that he continues to keep the UNION HOTEL, in Tuckerton, New-Jersey, pleasantly situated at the corner of Front and Green streets, which is well arranged to accommodate families, parties, or individuals. They will be supplied with excellent Boarding, comfortable Lodging, and the best of Liquors, at moderate charges, with every attention that can be rendered to make their visit agreeable. Stages start from the Ferry, lower side of Market street, Philadelphia.

Tuckerton, N. J. June 5. (8—3m*

Silk, Cotton and Woollen Dyer.

S. WILLIAMSON, No. 38, North Eighth Street, Philadelphia, respectfully informs the Dry Good Merchants, that he still continues the above business, of Dying French and Canton Crapes, Levantines, Mantua and Florence Silks, Satins, Velvets, Gauzes, Sewing Silks, Ribands, &c. and restores Silks to their original colours, Bombazets, Bombazeens, Poplins, Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Waterloo Shawls Dyed, Pressed or Sponged, and every article of Clothing.

S. W. flatters himself, from his long experience in the above business, all those who may favor him with their orders he hopes he will be able to give general satisfaction. jan 12—6m

THE BUSINESS

FORMERLY conducted by T. W. LEVERING, deceased, Bell Caster, Brass Founder, Bell Hanger and Lock-smith, is still continued at the old established stand, No. 79 SOUTH FIFTH STREET—a capable person engaged, Casts and Hangs Church, Turret, and Ship Bells, on reasonable terms. House Bells, in town or country, neatly hung, Locks, Jacks, and all sorts of Brass Furniture, neatly repaired. Keys fitted to Locks, and Locks picked at the shortest notice.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. feb 2—tf

Mrs. Shallus's Circulating Library,

No. 94, SOUTH THIRD STREET.

MRS. S. informs her friends and the public in general, that she continues her establishment at No. 94 South Third street, where may be had, all the latest English and American publications.

In consequence of the present scarcity of money, all subscriptions commenced after the first of February, 1822, will be at $5 per year, $2 75 for 6 months, and $1 50 per quarter—Payable in advance.

N. B. Catalogues of the Library are just published, in which are included all the works.
feb 23—tf

FRENCH SCHOOL.

CHARLES KLOTZ returns his grateful thanks to the citizens of Philadelphia, for the encouragement he has received in this city, and hopes to deserve a continuance of public confidence by his assiduity and attention. He has opened a French Evening School, at his house No. 173 PINE STREET, for the instruction of Young Ladies and Gentlemen, at separate hours, in this useful Language. Terms, $5 per quarter, to be paid half in advance.

Lessons given in private families and Seminaries. C. K. is employed for the tuition of the French Language in two of the most respectable Seminaries in this city, where every satisfaction will be given as to his capacity.
march 23—6m

Teeth One Dollar.

WILLIAMS performs every operation on the Teeth complete for $1. Filing, extracting and plugging a single tooth, 25 cents, if plugged with gold, 50 cents. Williams fixes teeth in the mouth, warranted to give satisfaction for $1 50 a tooth. Williams gives information from the Italian, French, English and American authorities, calculated to insure good teeth for life. He also saves teeth in the same way his own were saved, the least painful of any of the English ways; there are three ways, by Hunter, Fox and Norton.

B. WILLIAMS, *Dentist,*
june 1—tf 161 Vine street, near Fifth.

ALEXANDER PARKER,

RESPECTFULLY acquaints the public, that he has a general assortment of the first quality Garden and Flower Seeds for sale, at the MOYAMENSING BOTANIC GARDEN, Prime street, Love lane, near Eleventh street. Also, a large collection of Green House and Hardy Plants, Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, with a fine selection of Bulbous Roots. Orders, per post, or left at No. 40 George street, Southwark, will be punctually attended to. march 23—tf

THE SUBSCRIBER

OFFERS for sale, at his Manufactory, No. 36 Carters Alley, a few doors from Third st. directly opposite Girard's Bank, an extensive supply of BOOTS and SHOES, of various kinds and qualities. Also, a handsome assortment of Eastern Shoes.
feb 2—tf JOSEPH COGGINS.

THE SUBSCRIBER

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has on hand at his Manufactory, No. 45 *South Front street*, a large assortment of BASS SIDE DRUMS, TAMBOURINES, &c. which he will dispose of on the most moderate terms. THOMAS YOUNG.
feb 2—tf

Hamilton Village Hall.

ROBERT SHAW, Victualler, respectfully informs his friends and the public, and brother Victuallers, that he has taken the above Establishment for the accommodation of those who may honour him with their custom. Good and sufficient Sheds for Horses, together with Pens for Sheep, and accommodations for Drovers, Farmers, Waggoners, &c. nov. 17—tf

CAUTION.

AS the season is advancing that brings with it all the local diseases, that is common to hot climates and weather, such as Cholera Morbuses, Bowel Complaints and Bilious Affections. The Medicines for the above complaints that I have formerly prepared, I am not in a situation to accommodate the public with this season. I have therefore availed myself of the opportunity of communicating to Mr. RICHARD JORDAN, Apothecary, the knowledge of preparing my medicines genuine, so that those persons who know the merits of them need not be at a loss to procure them as chaste as they formerly have been received from me.

JOSEPH HAWKINS.

The subscriber having the most implicit confidence (from his knowledge of the efficacy of the aforesaid Medicines,) feels no hesitation in recommending them to the public.

Richard Jordan,

Druggist and Apothecary, N. W. corner of Second and Christie streets. july 6—3m

To Fullers and Manufacturers.

FULLERS' BOARDS

OF superior quality, for sale by RICHARDS JOHNSON, No. 31, Market street. Also, for sale as above a large and general assortment of good BLANK BOOKS, PAPER, STATIONARY, &c. which together with a large stock of SCHOOL and MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, will be sold at the lowest market prices.

Court and Merchant's Account Books ruled to order and bound to any pattern.

*** RAGS and QUILLS taken in exchange.
July 6—tf

Boarding in the Country.

A NUMBER of Persons can be genteelly accommodated with Boarding, &c in the remarkable healthy and pleasant Village of Montgomery Square, twenty miles north of Philadelphia, on reasonable terms. For further particulars enquire at No. 8 South Fifth street.
july 6—3t

CLOCK & WATCH MAKING.

SAMUEL HUCKEL, Clock and Watch Maker, No. 38, South Street, a few doors above Front Street, has for sale, Clocks and Watches, Chains, Seals and Keys, Jewellery, &c. &c.

*** Clocks and Watches carefully repaired and warranted. april 20—6m

Samuel Mason, jun.

CLOCK and WATCH MAKER, has Removed from No. 167 Chesnut street to No. 249 Market street, north side, between Sixth and Seventh streets, where he offers for sale, an assortment of warranted patent Lever, Repeating & Plain Watches. Also, Gold, Gilt and Steel Chains, Seals & Keys. *Clocks and Watches carefully repaired.* feb 2—tf

GEORGE ALLCHIN,

BOOK BINDER and GILDER on the edges of Books, Letter and Filligree Paper. Paper blacked on the edges for mourning, at No. 163 Vine Street, third door above Fifth Street, north side—Where he continues to manufacture Backgammon Tables and Chess Boards.

Orders from any part of the United States executed on reasonable terms. mar. 4—tf

FANCY CHAIRS.

THE Subscribers have on hand, a large assortment of FANCY CHAIRS, made of the best materials, which they will sell low for Cash, at No. 50 CHESNUT STREET, Philadelphia.

GEORGE C. LENTNER,
feb 2—tf JOHN PATTERSON.

PORTER, ALE and CIDER.

THE Subscriber informs his friends and the public, that he continues to bottle PORTER, ALE and CIDER, of the choicest quality, for home consumption or exportation, at his stand No. 108 MARKET STREET, corner of Franklin Court, between Third and Fourth.

may 25—6m JOHN C. RUHLMAN.

CHARLES M'ARTHUR,

Silk, Woollen, and Cotton Dyer, &c. &c.

CONTINUES at the old established stand, No. 31 UNION STREET—where all orders in his line will be punctually attended to.

☞ Cloth, Silk Dresses and Shawls, &c dyed to any shade or pattern, at a short notice, and at very moderate prices. feb 2—tf

TRAP BALL.

THIS entertaining game and pleasing exercise may be enjoyed every Monday afternoon, at the "*Traveller's Rest,*" in Broad street, between Chesnut and Walnut. Traps, Bats and Balls may be had for select parties or promiscuous companies at any time. Refreshments of the first quality at the Bar.

REUBEN TRAVELLER.
may 25—tf

BENJAMIN RICHARDSON,

LATE from Sheffield, File Manufacturer and Cutler, No. 77 SOUTH SECOND STREET, has commenced manufacturing Files, Table Knives and Forks, Razors of the first quality, warranted for use, Scissors made to order or pattern. Cutlery, of every description, ground, polished and repaired in the best manner, and at the shortest notice. Blades, of the best cast steel, put in Penknive handles, and warranted good; Table knives and forks repaired, either with new blades or handles; Old Files re-cut and made as new.
oct 6—tf

William Hewson,

HAS removed from No. 54 to No. 60 NORTH SECOND STREET, where he has on hand a choice assortment of *DRY GOODS*, which he will dispose of very reasonably.
june 29—6t

Impediments of Speech.

W. CHAPMAN, No. 187, Pine Street, Philadelphia, having cured himself and four gentlemen, of whom he can show the most satisfactory certificates and give reference to, is desirous of extending the like benefit to all persons troubled with Stuttering or Stammering.

It is particularly requested that applications will only be made between the hours of 6 and 7 in the morning and the same hours in the evening.

All letters must be post paid. may 11—tf

DAVID COGGINS,

AT HIS LEATHER AND HIDE STORE, No. 80, Chesnut Street, has just received, by the late arrivals, and for sale at the lower terms, large supplies of SPANISH HIDES, of various qualities, well selected and in fine order.

N. B.—Joseph Coggins has on hand 2000 pairs City made strong Shoes, first and second quality, wholesale or retail. may 11—tf

DAVID EVANS,

OF the late firm of David and Joseph Evans, has Opened a Commission MOROCCO and LEATHER STORE, *No. 27 Chesnut street*, between Second and Front streets, Philadelphia, where he will sell all kinds of Leather on Commission for Country Tanners and others, and always keeps a general assortment of Morocco, of various colours, on hand—he likewise purchases Spanish Hides and Tanners Oil for those who may want. A large assortment of GOAT SKINS is expected shortly, on consignment.

Being brought up to the Tanning and Currying he considers himself a Judge of Leather and Hides. He will also receive SHOES to sell on Commission. ☞ *All which will be attended to with fidelity.* feb 2—tf

OGLEBY's SICKLES.

HARRIS's genuine Grass Scythes, Garret's do. English do. Scythe Stones in great variety—Warranted English Blister'd, Millington and Cast Steel—Iron and Brass Bottling Wire, Shovels and Spades, Waggon Boxes, and a general assortment of NEW HARDWARE and CUTLERY, just received, and for sale on very low terms, by BENJAMIN HORNOR,
june 1—tf No. 47 Market street.

ROBERT S. ENGLISH,

HOUSE CARPENTER, No. 31, Strawberry street, carries on all the various branches of Carpentry, on very reasonable terms for CASH. He will warrant his work to be equal, both for durability and elegance, to any in the city.

PACKING BOXES made at the shortest notice.

*** All orders thankfully received and promptly executed. may 18—tf

WM. WALLACE,

No 22 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

Has received of the late Arrivals,

TEN cases of LEGHORN, containing an assortment of Mens', Womens' and Childrens' Hats and Bonnets, which will be sold by the case, dozen or otherwise, as low as they can be bought in the city.

ALSO,

Fashionable Winter Bonnets, White Chip and American Straw do. Feathers, Flowers, Ribbands, Trimmings, &c.

1 case super. black and colored Bombazeens,
1 do. Elegant Merino Shawls and Scarfs,
3 do. Nankin and Canton Crapes,
1 do. new stile Merino pattern Furniture Chintz,
Irish Linens, Sheetings, and Diapers,
An assortment of French and India Silks, Lace Veils, Shawls, &c.
4 4 Ingrain Carpeting, 4-4 English Ingrain Hemp do. a new and superior article.

With a variety of other articles in the Dry Goods and Millinary line. dec 22—tf

MRS. MYRING,

RESPECTFULLY informs her friends and the public, that she has taken that elegant Country Residence in Frankford, formerly the property of Mr. Robert Smith, and now belonging to Thomas Leiper, Esq. for the purpose of accommodating BOARDERS, for the Summer season, or by the year. The known healthfulness and beauty of the situation, the excellence of the water and other advantages which it possesses, renders a further description unnecessary.

N. B. The Gate near the Hay-Scales in Frankford, leads to the place. june 15—tf

Schuylkill Navigation Inn.

THE Subscriber, thankful for past favours, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has made the best arrangements for their accommodation, at his establishment on High street, at the N E corner of Schuylkill Third street, by the addition of a very commodious room, &c. He will have constantly on hand, a stock of the choicest Liquors, and hopes, by his attention to those who may favour him with their custom, to merit a share of patronage and support.

THOMAS GARNER.
june 15—tf

New Leghorn Store,

NO 31, SOUTH SECOND STREET.

THE Store lately occupied by S. G Fotterall and Co. is now occupied by Mrs. KNEELAND, who has just opened a large assortment of gentleman's, boys' and children's Leghorn Hats, common Straw and Chip Hats, ladies' Leghorn and Split Straw Bonnets, with a variety of Fancy Goods. june 8—tf

JEHU WARD,

CLOCK and WATCH MAKER, No. 42 *Market street*, between Front and Second, south side, has for sale, an assortment of warranted Watches, together with Chains, Seals and Keys, of various descriptions. Also, Silver Table and Tea Spoons, at reduced prices. Clocks, Watches, &c. repaired on the most reasonable terms, and warranted to perform. aug 18—tf

Hugh Downing,

CABINET, Chair and Venetian Blind Maker, No. 36 NORTH SECOND STREET, between Market and Arch, opposite Coomb's alley. Having just commenced business, he flatters himself by promptitude and neatness in the execution of all orders entrusted to him, to merit a share of public favour. june 15—6m

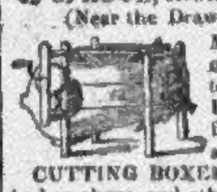
Cabinet Ware-Room,

No. 28 NORTH FIFTH STREET.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has on hand a variety of Fashionable FURNITURE, made of the best materials, which he offers for sale on reasonable terms. ☞ All orders promptly executed.
june 8—tf JOHN JAMES, jun.

JAMES B. WOOD,

42 *SPRUCE, between Front and Second*
(Near the Drawbridge, Philadelphia.



MANUFACTURES and constantly on hand, patent Wheat Fans, and Dutch Fans; likewise for cleaning Coffee and all other Grain.

CUTTING BOXES, of a superior kind, as had as above, and others of all sorts and sizes.

FARMING UTENSILS, of every description for sale at reasonable prices.

Orders for Shipping, or other purposes, will be supplied at the shortest notice, on moderate terms. feb 23—

Old Columbian Coach Line
FOR NEW-YORK.

Through in Twelve Hours.

VIA Bordentown and South Amboy, and 30 miles land carriage, over a gravel turnpike. First line leaves the upper side of Mark[et] wharf, every morning, at 6 o'clock, and arrives New-York by steam boat Olive Branch, at 6 o'clock same evening. Breakfast and dinner on board. Fare only $4

Second line leaves the same wharf every day (Sundays excepted) at 12 o'clock. Takes tea at Bordentown, proceed to Perry's Hotel, South Amboy, where they lodge, and from thence by steam boat to New-York, where they arrive by 6 o'clock next morning. Fare only $2 50.

This line is inferior to none between the two cities as the coaches are all new, good horses, and careful drivers. The proprietors therefore solicit a share of public patronage.

For seats apply at Yohe's Hotel, North Third street, C. Bailey, U. S. Mail and Citizens Coach Office, No 30, south Third street, and at the steam boat office, No 3, Market street.

John Bowman, Joseph E. Fisher, } *AGENTS*
Chester Bailey, Wm. Arnel & Co
may 11—tf PROPRIETORS

SEA BATHING.

Tuckerton and Philadelphia Stage.
OLD LINE

WILL commence running through the route this day, on the 1st of July, twice a week, as follows: Leaves Tuckerton every Monday and Thursday about sunrise; and arrive at Camden in good time to cross to the City the same days. Returning leaves Fish's Ferry, south side of Market street, on Wednesdays and Saturdays at sunrise, and arrives about sunset, same days, at Tuckerton; where are good accommodations for Travellers. Passage through the Route $2.50, and the usual allowance of Baggage.

A Line will also leave Tuckerton every Tuesday and Saturday about sunrise, and arrive at Cooper's Ferry in good time to cross to the City. Returning, leave Arch Street Ferry every Monday and Thursday morning, and arrive about sunset same day at Tuckerton. Passage through $2. Usual allowance of Baggage.

For Seats, apply at Fish's Ferry, or at Arch Street Ferry.

ISAAC JENKINS,
JOHN MULLINEE,
THOMAS WILLIS,
CORNELIUS KELLY.

Tuckerton N. J. June 26, 1822. [29—6

AT PRIVATE SALE.

The Country Residence formerly belonging to Charles Biddle, Esq. containing about 50 acres of land, the buildings new and stone—the situation is very elevated and delightful, commanding an extensive view of a thickly settled country. The said estate is in Montgomery county, about 7 miles from the city, near the middle road leading to Newtown. 30 or 40 acres, with a small tenement thereon, can be had in addition, if required. The terms of payment will be made very easy.

Comly & Tevis,
June 29—tf Auctioneers

HAT STORE,

NO. 24 NORTH THIRD STREET, Philadelphia.

C. P. WILMARTH offers to the public, whose patronage he solicits, Water-Proof imitation Beaver Hats, which are surpassed by none, in cheapness and durability. oct 27—

JOHN M'CLOUD, 46 Market street,

KEEPS constantly on hand, a large and general assortment of Ready made HATS, which he will sell at very reduced prices. Customers supplied at a short notice, on reasonable terms. feb 2—

JAMES BIRD,

BOOT AND SHOEMAKER,

NO. 23 north Tenth street, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced the Boot and Shoemaking business, and trusts by strict attention to merit a share of public patronage feb 2—tf

MECHANICAL WONDER.

THE citizens of Philadelphia went in crowds to see the Mechanical Museum when it was exhibited here, and more recently to the famous Androides of Mr. Haddock, and willingly paid for the admission; and hundreds travelled to Chesnut Hill and gave their dollar to see the ingenious contrivance of Redheffer. Who has not heard of the automaton, that could play chess, and of the other which was made to articulate words? both so celebrated in Europe. And who would not give a half eagle to see them? but all these wonders are surpassed by a piece of Mechanism now in this city, which is far more curious, splendid and surprising than any that have been exhibited for money.

This wonderful specimen of art consists of a beautiful golden bird, wrought to the life, and covered with brilliant plumage richly imitated in enamel. The beholder first sees only a superb box of gold and precious stones, ornamented with exquisite enamel painting; from this box the bird rises, and moving his head and wings in the most natural manner, he chirps his salutation and then pours out a song as rich in melody as that of the sweetest among the feathered choir, and after entertaining the auditor with this delightful music, vanishes suddenly from sight, leaving the spectator wrapt in pleasing astonishment. And how much does it cost to see this prodigy? The best of all is, it is shown freely without cost or charge to all those whose good fortune leads them to purchase lottery tickets, halves or quarters, at

Gibbs' Lucky Office,

No. 4½, South Third Street, Philadelphia.

N. B. It is reported that this elegant production was purchased at a large price by a subscription raised among a number of respectable mechanics, and presented by them to its present owner, in token of their acknowledgment of the great advantage they have found in purchasing their lottery tickets at his truly lucky office.
june 15—tf

FULLERS' BOARDS.

A FRESH supply of a superior quality, just received by BENNETT & WALTON,
6 mo. 22—tf No. 37 Market street